OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says:

"THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

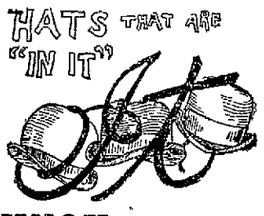
ESTABLISHED 1833. TUESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Thought About Fall and Winter Goods Yet?

We're ready to supply your wants. Drop in and look about; get posted on the new styles and fabrics, and then when you are ready you'll know what you want; and by the way, note our prices carefully, compare them if you will, and you'll agree with us that good goods can be purchased in our establishment for less money than in any other shop in the city.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

HATS THAT ARE "IN IT"



KNOX, YOUMANS, SCHOBLE, WILCOX.

Talk about Fall Style Hats!

They are all here.

Call and See Them

—AT—

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.

Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

Porcelain China at $5.45, $6 45, $8.90, $9.25, and up to $20.00. We save you fully one-third on these goods.

FOSTERS.

J. G. THIEME & SON.

CLOTHING

Made Firm and Fit Perfect. Comprises the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at

POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Examine before buying.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

TRAIN HELD UP!

Five Missouri Farmers Are the Bandits.

They Sought Cash, and Received Bullets.

The Express Car Filled With Armed Detectives,

Who Open Fire Upon the Bandits, Pursue Them to the Woods and Capture Two.

GORIN, Mo, Sept. 18—The Colorado and Utah express on the Santa Fe was held up by robbers at 3.30 this morning. Owing to the fact that the railroad and express officials had a spy on the trail of the bandits when they stopped the train, they met a hail of buckshot and bullets and it is said at least two lie dead in the surrounding woods, while as many others rode for their rendezvous, twenty-one miles away, filled with leaden pellets.

They were novices in the art of train robbery, and brutal ones at that, for they shot "Dad" Prescott, the engineer, before they even gave him a chance to hold up his hands. His wound, it is believed, will not prove fatal.

The raid was planned three weeks ago, but not put into execution till this morning.

When the train left Chicago, at 5 o'clock last evening, railroad and express detectives, all walking arsenals, climbed on at every station. Chief Detective J. J. Kinny, of the Santa Fe, with G. C. Montgomery, his right hand man, boarded it at Joliet. At Streator they were joined by two more men who have been patrolling the line for twenty days.

J. A. Matthews, who has been acting the spy for the last two weeks and getting the news of their plans, put in an appearance at Galesburg. He brought news that the would-be robbers met early in the day and decided to leave their hiding place, near Memphis, at 8:30 o'clock last night and make their third attempt to get rich at the expense of the express company. They expected to make a haul of at least $50,000, the Monday run being always much heavier than any other day of the week.

When the train reached Fort Madison, Iowa, shortly after midnight, Division Superintendent Stockton, of the Wells Fargo Express company, got in the rear car. He carried a "sawed off" Winchester with a history. It belonged to Bill Dalton, and it was but poetic justice to turn it loose upon followers in the footsteps of the Kansas desperado. With him were four men. Their arms were in the express car where they had been for several days Then a council of war was held. It was first proposed to ambuscade the force behind a barricade of trunks and boxes in the express car and allow the robbers to enter.

The messenger was to throw up his hands and kneel down to open up the safe; then he was to fall on the floor and then—why, the "sawed off" Winchesters would commence to bark. Two men were to be stationed on the engine to protect the trainmen and another was to guard the rear. This scheme was finally abandoned. The plan adopted was this:

Detectives Kinney and Montgomery boarded the engine. Superintendent Stockton and two of his good shots tarried in the express car. But it was in the forward end of the smoking car that the forces were massed. A partition and door incloses half a dozen seats and shuts off the rest of the car from it. There the men, a dozen of them, were planted. Each had one of the "sawed offs," every cartridge loaded especially for the event with two dozen buckshot by Superintendent Stockton.

There was only one passenger in that compartment, and he was requested by the brakeman to take a seat in the chair car, as "they were going to sweep."

At 2 o'clock, when Sheriff Saling, of Scotland county, climbed on board, all details of the surprise party were arranged.

There was one man, however, who had to be looked out for and protected. He was the spy. According to the report brought in by Matthews, the spy would endeavor to be the one who flagged the train. If so, one torpedo would preceed the swinging on the lantern. In another there would be a couple of the tiny bombs. The order was that no matter if every one of the guilty ones got away, there was to be no shooting to endanger the life of the man who had, in fact, taken his life in his hands in order to frustrate the attempt at robbery. And so, as the minutes sped on, an unwonted silence settled down on the train. Pullman car conductors and porters sought places of safety, and even the trainmen did not expose themselves unnecessarily.

In the little compartment filled with armed men the lights were out and the windows were up. In each seat were two men sitting sideways, the muzzles of their guns protruding just a trifle over the sills. Behind them stood others, seemingly statues, with Winchesters at half-cock resting on their arms. They were waiting for the torpedo.

Out from between two high embankments, just one mile from Gorin, sped the train. One minute more and the anxious watchers would know whether they again had their labor in vain. Then came the crack of the looked and longed for signal. There was but one. A moment and a shrill, sharp whistle gave token that the engineer had heard, and almost before his hand left the valve, across the tracks, not fifty yards away, swung a red light. A grinding of wheels along the rails told that the air had been applied, and within twenty seconds from the explosion of the torpedo the train was at a standstill. Out from the dense undergrowth near the track came four forms. The face of each was hidden by a black mask. One, more agile than the rest, rushed to the engine almost before his companions could reach the express car. He carried a rifle and when within ten feet of the engineer brought it to his shoulder, pointed it at "Dad" Prescott, the white bearded engineer, and as he shouted "hold up your hands," pulled the trigger.

His aim was true, and "Dad" fell to the floor of his cab with a bullet in his right breast. With one bound Kinney gained the top of the tender, and bringing his gun to his shoulder, sent a load of shot almost into the face of the masked individual. How on earth the fellow ever managed to move six inches is a mystery; but he did, and made for the woods.

The shot which laid Engineer Prescott low was the signal for a fusilade, and was echoed and re-echoed from bank to bank and through the woods. It was also the signal for a hasty retreat to the shelter of the timber on the part of the greatly surprised individuals whose features were hidden by masks. Not until they reached the timber did they answer; then they only fired two shots. But their aim was not good, and although men were leaning from the car windows and pulling triggers as fast as possible, while others had jumped to the earth and were after them on foot, they failed to hit a man.

According to the program their horses were hitched not over 100 yards away. When the posse from the train reached the spot they saw one animal, a gray, galloping north. A well directed shot brought it low, but there was no rider on its back. The place where the horses were tied was soon found, and cut hitching straps showed that one man, at least, had life enough left to make his escape. Sheriff Sailing took the saddle, blanket and bridle from the dead gray, and says by their aid he will have no trouble in identifying the owner. The search for dead and wounded was postponed until daylight. But the chase after the one or ones who escaped was started within ten minutes after the shooting ended. The sheriff secured horses here and with half a dozen men started north. They know the men and are confident they will have them in custody soon.

It is not likely the passengers in the rear end of the smoker, those who were dozing in the chair car and the half-dozen or so sleepless ones in the sleeper will ever forget the experience.

With the first shot every man near a window opened it and looked out. With the second shot the heads went in, their owners dropped flat down on the floor of the car. Then the cry "train robbers" went through the train and women went down on their knees, lifted their hands and screamed as vigorously and persistently as if a mouse was in sight. It was absolutely impossible to walk through the cars without climbing over the seates. When the excitement was at its height the brakeman put his head in the door and shouted:

"Keep your heads down, ladies and gentlemen. Train robbers are outside."

In the sleeper, Selma, two women ran shrieking from their berths and were headed for the danger spot, when Conductor Blue captured them and forcibly prevailed on them to go back to bed. And there were at least one dozen individuals who snored through it all and did not miss a note.

When the train reached Gorin, Engineer Prescott was removed to a private house and Dr. Cruikskank, a Santa Fe physician in New Mexico, who was on the train, attended his injuries. Fireman McGraw took the train west.

Twice before last night's attempt the bandits left their hiding place, twenty-one miles away, and started for the spot selected for the deed of violence Each time a copious fall of rain balked them Eleven nights ago they saddled up shortly after 10 o'clock and started to ride slowly across the country. It was cloudy and they had not covered more than a third of the distance when rain began to fall. Some were in favor of turning back at once, declaring they were not going to run the chances of being tracked by a mud trail. Their objections were overruled for the time being, but by the time the cavalcade was within seven miles of the railroad track it was apparent to even the most foolhardy that discretion was the better part of valor. The command to retreat was given and the procession returned. The next day two of Kinney's men followed the trail for five miles. From the indications they say eight men were in the party that night.

Late Saturday morning was the second time the affair was billed to come off. If it had not been for the rain the attack would have been made, for in addition to the regular "prize" carried, in the express car on the train was a big bundle of money to be used by the Santa Fe in settling with its employes for August. At least that is the information on which the robbers were acting. But the rain came down too early and with too much vigor even to permit a start Detective Kinney was a badly chagrined man when the train passed the point at which, according to program, it should have been flagged. He was ready for them that night even more so than he had been before. He was on the engine clad in a suit of blue jumpers and looking for all the world like an apprentice to the art of firing an engine.

Snugly ensconced in a skillfully constructed "dug out" in the heaping tender full of coal was another of his good men, a man who has put six bullets into as many telegraph poles while riding past them as fast as a pony could take him.

Inside the express car, behind an innocent pile of trunks, egg cases and bundles of merchandise, which were in reality barricades of cotton, were seven men with loaded Winchesters and a couple of big colts, "mighty handy in a tight place," as Kinney put it.

The cunning of the 'hold up" craftsmen was shown in the selection of the spot for "turning the little trick," as the robbery was professionally designated. For ten miles there is no night telegraph station until La Plata is reached, and there is no stop there. Once in a while the train takes water at Grin, but there is nothing there except the tank. Not within the memory of the oldest man on the road has a halt been made at Baring. But at Hurdeland, which is just ten miles west of the last named station, is a switch into which the train runs every morning and waits for the eastbound express to pass. Both are due there at the same second and invariably they are on time. But if the westbound should not put in an appearance the eastbound would have to camp there until it came along, for there is no means of finding out what the trouble is without running back to La Plata.

The men who planned the robbery figured that they had the train dead to rights in a pocket and could have the time necessary not only to rifle the express car, but to relieve the passengers of their valuables. It is evident they also made a careful study of the topography of the country. For nearly a thousand feet before the spot at which the red light was swung across the rails the road winds on a reverse curve through a cut, with embankments from ten to forty feet high. Then comes a little fill, followed by a stretch of track almost on a level with the surrounding country. On either side of the right-of-way are dense clumps of oak and hickory, not to mention an undergrowth as bad as that of the northern Michigan pine woods. But the timber, although apparently thick and impenetrable, is only so for less than a quarter of a mile from the track. Beyond that the country stretches practically clear and is easily traversed almost to the Iowa line.

It was in the middle of the timber that the horses were hid (good, strong-limbed animals) and it was the calculation that after the night's business had been accomplished two hours' hard riding would put every man safe from pursuit, and that, too, soon after day dawn. There are no telegraph lines up in the country where the gang had been hiding and it was thought news of the hold-up would not penetrate to that region until after the participants in the affair had time to cover their tracks.

It is nearly five weeks since the Santa Fe and the Wells Fargo officials received the tip that the raid was contemplated. Since then the express car, whether inhabited by Detective Kinney's men or not, has been a regular arsenal. Every night at least half a dozen secret service men have climbed aboard at different points along the line east of Fort Madison and scattered themselves in the day, reclining chair and smoking coaches.

Soon after that point was reached they would have worked forward in the smoker, not a man exchanging a word with the other, all total strangers as far as outward appearances went, and before Gorin was passed half of them had disappeared into the express car. This was merely precautionary.

Detective Kinney's spy gave him twenty-four hours notice of the two premeditated raids spoiled by rain, and then the full force was on hand. But the railroad and express people were taking no chances. When the danger point had been passed the men would drop off at different stations, working back east along the road in the day time and repeating the operation the next night. No one man ever climbed the train from the same town, however. The nights the robbers failed to keep their appointments the whole party alighted at Hurdleland, took their armory from the express car and returned to Madison, Galesburg, Chillicothe and Streator.

Train No. 5 on the Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe railway is what is known as the "Colorado and Utah" limited. It leaves the Polk street station in Chicago daily at 5 o'clock p. m., and is due to arrive in Kansas City at 9 o'clock the next morning. The Santa Fe runs almost due southwest between Chicago and Kansas City and crosses the Mississippi river at Fort Madison. Entering the state of Missouri 250 miles distant from Chicago, the road runs for some miles through a rough country, the many small streams which have their headwaters in southeastern Iowa, breaking it up into hills and valleys, some sections being densely wooded. The brakes of the Mississippi river are only a few miles to the east.

This section, during the civil war, was overrun with bushwhackers, who frequently carried terror to the little

(Continued on Third Page)

A SISTER NATION.

Japan Recognized as One of the Civilized Nations.

The New Treaties Which She is Now Forming With the Great Powers of the World.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18—The new treaties which Japan is effecting with the great powers, including the United States, are regarded in diplomatic circles as an event in international affairs quite as important as the Chinese-Japanese war, as the treaties will for the first time give official recognition to Japan as one of the sisterhoods of civilized nations The terms of the treaty with Great Britian have just been made public. A similar treaty is now being negotiated with this country and it is expected to be the second of new treaties to be signed. Then will come a like treaty with Germany and other powers. The significant feature of this new series of treaties is that they for the first time deal with the Japanese as a civilized nation entitled to the same treaty rights as the countries of Europe or the Western hempishere. All of the Japanese treaties now existing treat her as a half barbarous country, and are relics of the days prior to her advance toward civilization in methods.

The records of the state department show that the United States was the first to make a treaty of any kind with Japan and the first to send a minister there. This was within the last forty years, prior to which time Japan was in such a benighted condition that no diplomatic communication was had with her. In 1858 Secretary of State Lewis Cass sent Townsend Harris, of New York, as consul general and afterward as minister to Japan. He was the first official of the kind Japan had ever seen. He took his life in his hands by pushing inland, going to the seat of government at Yeddo, where he succeeded in making an advantageous treaty. This served as the basis for subsequent treaties with Great Britain, Prussia, France, Switzerland and other countries. In 1866 our minister, Mr. Portman, had the treaty changed, making the tariff rate five per cent. ad valorem. Other countries secured the same change. These old treaties are still in force and are the ones about to be superceded by the new series of treaties.

The main feature of the new treaties is that they recognize Japan as a full treaty-making power and make commercial arrangements with her accordingly. The old treaty gave the United States a uniform tariff rate of 5 per cent. ad valorem for sending goods into Japan, although the country was left free to impose such tariff rates as she saw fit against Japan. The new treaty will raise the Japanese rates on the principle that the government is now able to enact a just and enlightened tariff law of its own. The rate for imports from the United States is understood to be from 6 to 8 per cent. and to be a specific instead of an ad valorem duty. This is the rate in the British treaty, and the purpose is to have them alike.

Another important change is opening up Japan to Americans and other foreigners. The old treaties restrict foreigners to certain designated treaty ports. Japan now proposes to throw open her entire country, making only one reservation against the alien ownership of land, similar to the laws in some American states. With this reservation Americans and other foreigners will be allowed to conduct business, lease land, etc, in any part of Japan. On the other hand Japan desires by the new treaties to rid herself of the consular courts and other foreign tribunals which sit at the treaty ports and have jurisdiction over all cases, civil and criminal, in which a foreigner was a party. These courts were established on the theory that eastern countries were extremely cruel in their punishment, but as the Japanese judicial system is now patterned after that of eastern countries it is felt that full justice will be accorded foreigners in Japan without the continuance of the foreign courts. With Great Britain, the United States and Germany joining in the recognition of Japanese advancement, the country will in effect be officially received as one of the fully civilized treaty making nations.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

What Other People Say About Fort Wayne People.

The Lima, Ohio, Democrat says: "Mrs. Dr. William Easlen, of Fort Wayne, Ind., spent Sunday here, the guest of her brother, Mr. C. H. Leist, and family, of Greenlawn avenue."

The Huntington Democrat says: "Miss Allie Autenrich, who has been visiting in the city the past week, returned home to Fort Wayne Sunday evening, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Ida Wetter"

The Decatur Democrat says: "Mrs. A. D. Moffett entertains friends at dinner this evening in honor of Mrs. Ferry, of Fort Wayne.—Mrs A. R Pierce, of Fort Wayne, is in the city. She reports Mr. Pierce's health in about the same condition as while here.—Mrs. Bell Humble, of Fort Wayne, returned home this afternoon —Frank Stone, of Fort Wayne, is shaking hands with friends here today."

The Kendallville Sun says: "Mrs. Mary Barron went to Fort Wayne this morning to attend the wedding of her youngest son, Lewis, to Miss Belle Mills, which takes place at the residence of the bride's parents, on Griffith street, tomorrow morning.—Mrs. Cora B. Anderson has secured the services of Miss Rose Noland, of Fort Wayne, as trimmer Miss Noland is a lady of refined taste and pleasing manner."

ALTHOUGH A QUEEN

And Worshipped by Her Subjects, Her Life is Unhappy.

Interesting Story of the Tropical Princess Who Rules Over One of the Islands of the South Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal, Sept. 18—The bark Helen N. Almy, just returned from a trading voyage among the islands of the South Pacific, brings the story of a tropical princess, half English and half native, who rules over the Manua groups against her wishes, though her subjects worship her after the fashion that the Coreans worship their king, or as the Peruvians humbled themselves before the virgins of the sun.

History repeats itself in the biography of Margaret Young, the English name of the prisoner princess, for the story of Francis Young, a sailor who landed at the island of Tau nearly 100 years ago, is recalled. This man married a Tau native woman who was queen of the group. His son by her wedded a half breed maiden. Margaret Young is the daughter of that son. Through the death of all the heirs apparent to the throne of the Manuas, Miss Young found herself called upon to assume the power of mistress of the islands. This news was conveyed to her at Apia some months ago by a delegation of chiefs from Manua and she was forced by the laws of hereditary obtaining in the southern Archipeligo to accompany them back to Tau, where she was immediately installed as queen.

Great interest is lent to the case of the girl, who is but twenty two years of age, by the report that she is highly educated and was at the time of her sudden call from Apia, happily pursuing the course of her studies at a Catholic convent.

Captain Luttrel, of the Amy, and his wife, who accompanied him on his last trip, were the first white people permitted to interview the queen and obtained from her majesty the story that her life was one of misery in spite of the professional respects shown her by her native subjects. She is a ruler that is compelled to maintain an odious reserve, the sanctity of her dwelling being rigidly preserved by fierce warriors, who stand ready to decapitate the bold intruder who dares to enter the queen's sacred presence without first being especially appointed by the spirit fires and summoned by a council of chiefs

"The grand chief of the group is the only man that is allowed to approach the queen," explained Captain Luttrel. "He attends to her wants, assisted by two maids who never leave her side, except when they are called upon to do her bidding. Should any native desire to pay tribute to her in the shape of fish or fowl he must fasten his gift on the end of a bamboo pole, advance with closed eyes and thrust the stick through the doorway of the palace. Queen Margaret, as we will term her, is not allowed to walk outside the cabin limits. She must be carried on a litter by her maids, and when she ventures forth upon such a journey the subjects are ordered, under pain of death to keep hidden in their respective domiciles."

The captive queen explained to Luttrell that she desired to be freed, but had never dared to say so to those who held her prisoner. She explained that her subjects were kind hearted and meant to cause her no unhappiness, but they religiously followed the customs of their ancestors in acting as they do toward her.

OFFICIAL WAR NEWS.

The Japanese Minister Receives a Report of the Battle.

English Papers Think Overtures of Peace Would be Acceptable to China.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18—The Japanese miniater here is in receipt of a cable message from his government at Tokio, saying that: 'On September 15th the Japanese army attacked the Chinese forces, which were strongly entrenched at Ping Yang, and after some severe fighting won a complete victory, capturing Ping Yang before the dawn of the 16th. The Chinese numbered more than 20,000, and with the exception of a very few who fled the rest, were either killed, wounded or taken prisoners, including the Chinese commander, General Tso. A very large quantity of provisions and of arms and munitions of war were captured. The Japanese loss was 300 killed and wounded."

LONDON, Sept 18—The Daily Graphic, in an article under the caption of "the Chinese Sedan," comments on the Ping Yang battle at length The Japanese, the article says, have managed their campaign with a grasp of military science and soldierly ability deserving of the utmost credit."

The Daily News says: "It is difficult to see how China can recover from the blow which reveals the essential weakness of her military equipment and administration. The powers will probably be content to accept the "faits accomplis" if the Japanese are wise enough to show moderation and a just sence of their position The moment is favorable for the neutral power to renew their overtures for peace."

Frank's Choice and F. G. are the best 5c cigars in the city.

J. D. Williams expert accountant. Office: 63 East Main street.

SERIOUS RUNAWAY.

Mrs. Sudbrink and Son Hurt on Montgomery Street.

Their Horse Took Fright at an Electric Car—Both Badly Injured—Several Other Casualties.

Mrs. William Sudbrink and her fifteen year old son, of No. 445 Hanna street, met with a shocking runaway accident this morning, about 10 o'clock, on Montgomery street Mrs Sudbrink and her son were driving down street in a buggy when their horse took fright at an electric car and ran away. The lady was thrown out on the hard paving and was badly cut and bruised about the head and shoulders The boy's foot caught in the lines and he was jerked out of the rig and fell on his head. He was dragged some distance and was picked up unconscious. The horse ran on down street and was caught but not until the buggy was badly damaged. The injured woman and her son were cared for by passers by until Drs. McCausland and Dinnen arrived, when they were taken home. The boy was the worst hurt, and at first it was thought he was fatally injured, but at last accounts he was resting easy.

ANOTHER RUNAWAY.

About the same time there was another runaway on Barr street, near the market. A horse hitched to a light road wagon ran away and knocked a farmer out of another wagon with which it collided. The farmer was not seriously hurt.

SKULL CRUSHED.

Yesterday afternoon Frank, the twelve-year old son of farmer Evan Bell, living five miles northeast of Roanoke, received a probably fatal injury. The boy was leading one horse and walking behind another which kicked striking the lad in the skull He was taken unconscious into the house, and Dr. J. L. McBride, of Zanesville, was hastily summoned. Dr. McBride called Dr. W. H. Myers, of this city, in consultation with him, and together they trephined the unfortunate boy's skull, removing a considerable section of bone from the right side. Young Bell is paralyzed on one side and the chances are altogether against his recovery.

HER HAND CUT.

The other night at the formal opening of the Strack saloon, four miles southwest of this city, a row took place in which Mary Strack, one of the older members of the family, was badly cut in the hand. She was endeavoring to quell the riot. The hand is fearfully swollen and blood poisoning may set in. Dr. George C. Stemen has the case.

A LIVE WIRE

A live telephone wire caused havoc on Calhoun street, near the alley running between Jefferson and Washington streets about 8 o'clock last night. A chair fell from a window above and the telephone wire dropped across the trolly wire of the street car line. At the central station a switch board was burned out and many wires rendered temporarily useless A small boy named Brown, and who works as a messenger for the Western Union, ran into the wire and was knocked down and stunned. Later he recovered and did not seem to be seriously hurt.

OTHER CASUALTIES.

It was reported that Walter Whaling, of Kendallville, a young bicycle rider well known in this city, had been killed by an accident, but such proves not to have been the case. He was better at last accounts.

Robert Klaehn and Charles Winkelmeyer, of Schuman & Klaehn's undertaking parlors, had a serious runaway on East Washington street yesterday afternoon. They were driving their team along at a rapid rate, when the harness broke and the horses ran away. The horses dashed into a post and were stopped. Mr. Winkelmeyer was unhurt, but Mr. Klaehn suffered a serious injury to his right hand.

Mrs Miller, of Superior street, fell yesterday and fractured her arm. Dr. George B. Stemen attended.

THE COURT HOUSE.

News as Gathered Around the Different Offices.

Judge Dawson and the jury are hearing the arguments in the Hursh railroad case.

Andrew W. Keiler has instituted proceedings to enforce a partition of real estate against Mary Meyer et al. Morris, Bell, Barrett & Morris are attorneys.

Louisa Schoppman has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Dorethea Laudre.

Edward Finan has filed bond as executor of the estate of Elizabeth McGovern.

Frank T. Keller has been appointed guardian of the minor heirs of Sebastian Keller.

John Kolbus has filed bond in the sum of $700 as guardian of Charles Kolbus.

The late Mrs. Elizabeth McGovern left a will devising her estate to her grand stepson, James McGovern.

The last will of Margaret Ann Mckeeman divides her estate to her children and grand children.

The personal property of the late Fred Eckart, under decree of court, has been sold to Henry and Fred Eckart, his sons

All New—The Latest.

An event in the shoe business of Fort Wayne will be Thing & Co.'s Grand Opening, Saturday, Sept. 22, at their elegant new store, 32 Calhoun street. Look for the large red boot Rulers and picture cards for the children. See our ads.

PUT IN JAIL.

The Alleged Correspondent of the Sunday Sun,

An Obscene, Licentious and Libelous Sheet.

Charles Glessner Arrested, Has a Hearing and is Sent to Jail to Await His Final Trial.

Charles A. Glessner, who is alleged to be one of the correspondents of the licentious Kansas City Sunday Sun, and aided in the attempted circulation of the vile sheet in this city last Saturday night, was arrested last evening by Constable John Wise, charged with circulating obscene literature, the affidavit having been sworn to by Harry S. Tinkham before Justice Daniel Ryan.

Glessner is a man about forty years old He was formerly a printer and years ago, when the Keils were running the paper, worked on the Gazette. On account of differences the printers on that paper, at the time Glessner was holding cases on it, inaugurated a strike against it and left their positions, but Glessner remained and, with the aid of girls and small boys, assisted the proprietors in getting out the issue of the paper. For this he incurred the dislike of the union printers and for a long time was denounced by them as a "scab."

Afterwards Glessner went into the saloon business, but retired from that after a few years, because for some reason he was unable to make it pay. Since then he has been working at what he could get to do and the conviction is pretty strong that he is one of the principal correspondents in this city of the Kansas City Sunday Sun.

After Glessner's arrest last evening the prisoner was arraigned before Justice Ryan, charged with having circulated an obscene, lewd and lascivious publication. Glessner entered a plea of not guilty. Upon motion of the prosecutor the case was continued for hearing until this morning, at 10 o'clock. In default of $50 bonds Glessner was taken to jail by Constable Wise and locked up

After remaining in jail until about 8 o'clock, Glessner got Louis Brames to furnish bond and he was released from custody. His liberty, however, was of brief duration. Constable Wise, with another warrant, was on his track and Glessner was arrested upon a new charge and taken to jail, where he remained all night, because he could find nobody to go on his bond.

This morning Glessner was brought from jail to the court of Justice Ryan by the constable for the hearing of his case and a large crowd of spectators were present to get a sight of the man who has earned such a dirty reputation. He is a big red-faced, stomach-swollen fellow and has the appearance of being anything else than a newspaper man, and yet, it is said, that some years ago he was a good writer and a good news hustler, but drink proved his ruin and for a long time he has eked out a rather precarious living.

Attorney Elmer Leonard represented the prisoner in court this morning and Attorney Charley Ryan appeared for the state. As soon as the prisoner appeared his attorney made a motion to quash the affidavit upon the ground that it did not state facts sufficient to constitute a criminal action He said the Sun was not an obscene paper and requested the court to examine the paper. This the court did and, agreeing with the verdict of the majority of those who have read the vile sheet, he said he thought that the paper was of such an immoral tone as to render it unfit for circulation in a respectable community. This convinced Mr. Leonard that his client's goose was cooked and he consequently moved for a change of venue. Justice Ryan allowed the motion and sent the case to Justice Wilkinson, before whom it will be tried next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The sentiment of respectable people in this city is against the licentious Kansas City Sunday Sun, because of its dirty prostitute talk, libelous articles and the irresponsibility of the paper. The Gazette this morning, in an editorial, voices public sentiment when it says:

"The determination of the officers to prevent the sale of the vile publication, printed in Kansas City and called a newspaper, is commendable and will be endorsed by every person possessing at least a modicum of morality. That such a disreputable, degrading sheet is permitted anywhere is little less than an outrage, and that in the city of Fort Wayne sales should amount to the thousands, as we have been reliably informed is the fact, does not show well upon its face. If this is the pabulum demanded by so many people, it is high time that the authorities interpose and insist that the number shall not be increased by the promiscuous sale and circulation.

"No one supposed that a full grown man would be found so lost to all sense of shame as to paddle the vile stuff, yet on Saturday night one was discovered and many sales in secret were made His arrest followed, and yesterday Charles Glessner was in jail, no one at first being willing to risk the paltry sum of $50 to secure his freedom There will be no sympathy extended to the person against whom proceedings have been brought. On the contrary, it is to be hoped that, when his guilt has been clearly shown, his punishment may be commensurate with his crime against society and morals."

Glessner was unable, after his preliminary hearing before Justice Ryan, to give bond for his appearance next Saturday and the constable took him to jail

FORT WAYNE PRESBYTERY.

Meeting of the Ministerial Association at Huntington.

The presbytery of Fort Wayne began its yearly meeting at Huntington last evening, the opening sermon being preached by Rev. Edwin Craven, of Ossian. Rev. Craven is the retiring moderator of the presbytery. During the session reports will be presented in writing by the chairmen of the permanent committees on home and foreign missions, education, publication and Sunday school work, church erection, ministerial relief, freedmen, colleges and academies, systematic beneficence, temperance, young people's societies, state of religion, etc.

The membership of the presbytery is made up of the ministers and one elder from each of the churches in the eleven counties, Adams, Wells, Allen, Dekalb, Noble, Steuben, Lagrange, Elkhart, Kosciusko, Whitley and Huntington, which compose and are embraced within the limits of the Fort Wayne presbytery.

The presbytery is one of the most influential religious bodies in the state. It has twenty-nine churches, with a membership of 4,581 and a Sabbath school membership of 4,176 The total contributions for all causes for the year ending April, 1894, were $50,065, or an average of nearly $11 for each member.

AMERICAN FURNITURE

Finds a Good and Growing Market in Germany.

WASHINGTON, Sept 18—Consul E. W. S. Tingle, of Brunswick, Germany, has sent to the state department a sanguine paper upon the field presented for the exportation of American made furniture to Germany. He represents that the Germans are very unskilled in the manufacture of furniture, despite the fact that they are in general eminently practical and excell in many forms of handicraft. Two reasons exist for this deficiency, viz: The scarcity of wood in Germany and the fact that the Germans have not accustomed themselves to as many articles of furniture as are used in America

WILL BE MARRIED.

William E. Henderson and Miss Rose Anna Jones.

The event of the season in colored circles will be the marriage tomorrow evening of Miss Rose Anna Jones, of 31 Pearl street, to William Earl Henderson. The ceremony will be performed at 8 o'clock at the A. M. E. church by Rev. W. H. Brown. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom will repair to their future home, No. 52 Force street, which has already been completely furnished for housekeeping. There a reception will be given to the relatives and intimate friends of Mr. and Mrs. Henderson. Many people from other cities will attend the wedding. Mr. Henderson is janitor at the Bass offices, and is an industrious and intelligent man. He stands high in colored circles, and enjoys the respect and confidence of his employes and the men in the office where he is employed. Both he and Miss Jones are prominent members of the A. M. E. church.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Dates and Speakers for Meetings in This County.

The democratic county central committee has arranged and announced meetings and speakers as follows:

SEPTEMBER 22.

School House No. 6, Lafayette Township—Hon. Edward O'Rourke, Mr. E. V. Emerick.

Hoagland—Hon. John F. Rodabough, Mr. Charles H. Worden.

Huntertown—Hon. S. M. Foster, Mr. E. H. Parker.

Sheldon—Mr. J. M. Robinson, Mr. P. W. Schadden.

Leo—Hon. W. H. Shambaugh, Mr. T. E. Ellison.

Busse's School House, Milan Township—Hon. J. D. Sarnighausen, Hon. C. M. Dawson, Mr. Henry C. Berghoff.

SEPTEMBER 26.

Hirsch School House, Perry Township—Hon. Edward O'Rourke, Mr. E. V. Emrick.

Block's School House, St. Joe Township—Hon. C. M. Dawson, Mr. T. E. Ellison.

Edgerton—Mr. J. M. Robinson, Mr. N D. Doughman.

CHARLES M. CHAMBERS

Goes to Indian Territory to Engage in Educational Work.

Charles M. Chambers will leave tomorrow morning for Hellswa, I. T., where he will take a position as physical instructor in the Meckasukey academy at that place This is an institution under the charge of the Presbyterians for the education of the Seminole Indians. Mr. Will E. Davis, of this city, is one of its professors.

Mr. Chambers is a young man of fine character and good business and educational qualifications and the wishes of many friends will go with him to his new home. His duties will not permit him to return until next July, when he will probably come to this city to spend his summer vacation with his parents.

If you enjoy a good smoke, then try F. G. and Frank's Choice. Sold by all first-class dealers.

Attend International Business college, Schmitz block. 14-tf

Newspaper ARCHIVE®

ROOT & COMPANY.

OPENING OF THE KID GLOVE SEASON.

A Pretty Offering to Make the Start.

THE GENUINE

Foster, Paul & Co.'s.

SEVEN HOOK SUEDE KIDS,

THE $1 25 QUALITY.

In all the new handsome Fall street shades, and Black, in all sizes,

AT 69c A PAIR.

This Wonderful Offering Will Be Made

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

OF THIS WEEK.

Handsome Early Novelties in

Fall Wraps,

Are daily being received in our CLOAK Department.

Ladies are Invited to Daily Inspection.

ROOT & COMPANY.

Turkish baths will be given six for $3 00, until October 1, by the Thermer Bath Rooms, corner of Clinton and Berry streets Do not miss this opportunity. 15 tf

Use Bloomingdale Mills White Loaf and Silver Wedding Flour.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

The Pythian Sisters will entertain this evening visiting temples from Bluffton and Andrews A grand time is expected.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Indiana's Great State Fair

At Indianapolis September 17th to 22d, and the Muncie road sells tickets via the shortest and quickest route at only one fare for the round trip 11-7t

Mrs. J. K. Shelley, who has been visiting the family of James Kane, will leave for her home in New York this evening.

BOY'S GOOD CLOTHES!

Our preparations for the Fall Season in this department far exceeds anything we have ever shown. At no time were we so well prepared to place before you such excellent fine clothing for so little money.

We Hold Our Lead.

As providers for the little fellows for the following reasons:

I We show at all times the largest and most complete line of children's clothing in this city.

II We show more fine novelties and exclusive designs and patterns than all the clothing stores in Fort Wayne combined.

III We carry nothing but Standard makes. The clothing we sell is well made and will fit. If you are looking for cheap, poorly made stuff, don't come here for it—we do not carry that kind.

IIII You will always find our prices to be LOWER than our competitors—quality and make considered. Our large and increasing business gives us some advantages in the way of buying, which other houses do not enjoy.

SPECIAL.

We are now selling a large variety of

50c LINK CUFF BUTTONS

for 19c.

Brownie Scarf Pins, all the rage,

19c.

Seamless Hose,

warranted Fast Black and Tan shades, at

10c.

Extra Quality

of Fast Black Seamless Hose, at

12c.

These are an excellent buality and worth 20c.

BRING YOUR BOY TO US

For his Clothing and Outfitting. It will prove a saving to you of time and money.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

TUESDAY, SEPT 18 1894.

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale for For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:

W. F. Beneke, 443 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 327 Lafayette.
W. L. Walteuath, 222 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 434 Calhoun.
M. H. Weiel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Brink, 44 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office.....No. 173.
Editorial Rooms.....No. 650.

Our Thermometer.

8 A. M.	62°
10 A. M.	69°
12 M.	71°
2 P. M.	76°

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p m. Wednesday: For Indiana—Fair, cooler Wednesday morning; northerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Jacob Coltier, of Arcola, is a guest of the New Aveline hotel.

G. E. Bursley has returned from his summer home at Mackinaw.

Geo. D. Walton, agent for a theatrical troupe, is a guest of the Aveline.

Frank K Safford has returned from a three weeks' visit in Rhode Island.

The fire department has purchased another fine horse, paying therefor $80.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Gallmeier, of No. 136 Francis street, a son.

Wal Walkins is now in charge of one of the chairs at the Y. M. C. A. barber shop.

Michael Baltes has returned from Ypsilanti, Mich., where he went for his health.

John A. Dugan, of Indianapolis, is in the city visiting friends. He is a guest of the Randall

F. W. Kelsey will this week open up a new hand laundry, to be called the "Model," at 137 Fairfield avenue.

Ed. B. McConnell, a well known Logansport attorney, is in the city on legal business He is at the Randall.

F. J. Miller, the South Lafayette street druggist, went with the city officials to Buffalo, N. Y., this morning.

Mr. Will Fleming and his sister, Miss Sadie Fleming, leave tonight for Georgetown university to resume their studies.

Allen Hamilton leaves tomorrow to attend Williams college, and Taber Hamilton for Yale. Mrs. A. H. Hamilton and Miss Katherine will accompany them east.

Prof. Julius P. Bona, of Morton, hall, has received a very interesting letter from the greatest French musical composer, Massenet. M. Massenet may visit Fort Wayne next spring.

The Huntertown base ball club defeated the Leo club yesterday, the score standing 19 to 2 The feature of the game was the fielding of the Huntertown club and the pitching of Sorge, of the same club.

Miss Emma Conners, of West Main street, and her sister, Ella, will leave this evening for Silver Creek, N. Y., to visit their brother. They will go to Niagara Falls and Buffalo before returning to this city.

Mrs. J. F. Ridenour is the guest of Mrs. E J. Wright, of 51 West Butler street. Mr. Ridenour is station agent for the Nickel Plate at Sidney, Ind. He accompanied his wife here and then went on to Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Garrison has returned from Petoskey, where she was spending the summer, and was accompanied home by Mrs. Henriette Cole and daughter, Anna. They will be her guests at 18 Colerick street for some weeks.

At a meeting of the board of public works yesterday afternoon it was decided that brick would be used in paving Superior street instead of asphalt. Some of the petitioners who wanted asphalt withdrew their names. Bids were today advertised for the work.

Miss Clara Guenther, of No. 11 Maumee avenue, celebrated the twentieth anniversary of her birth in a most enjoyable manner last evening. There were twenty-eight of her young friends present and they played games of all kinds. A lunch, including cakes, fruit and lemonade were served at 11 o'clock Miss Guenther was the recipient of many handsome presents, which illustrates the high esteem entertained for her. She is the daughter of Henry Guenther, the well known barber.

Dr. Metcalf, formerly city health officer, states that in his opinion Fort Wayne citizens should, just at this time of year, make an extra effort to clean up their premises. Typhoid fever, diphtheria and other diseases come from dirty back yards and alleys. Weeds and decaying vegetable matter are also a fruitful source for causing contagious diseases. The shovel and rake, with plenty of slacked lime, copperas or other disinfectants, will do a great deal towards making the city healthy. Although six city officers are supposed to look after the city's health, no one ever hears of anything which they have done to stop the spread of disease. Putting up red cards seems to be the chief occupation of the three sanitary police.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

Received daily via express.
Selects, frying, 23c, Stewing, 22c.
Best Celery, 20c bunch.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Smoke F. G. and Frank's Choice, the finest cigars in the town for 5c.

For Tuesday Afternoon.

Fifty bushel nice, large Michigan peaches, $1 10 bushel, baskets included; Small baskets, 20c.

200 baskets Concord Grapes, 8 lb basket at 20¢.

Nutmeg melons, 3c and 5c each.

Best Sweet Potatoes, 25c peck.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Dr Metcalf has gone to Auburn Some say he went to make a political speech

Rockmore, a Fort Wayne horse, starts in a race at Tiffin, Ohio, this afternoon. Frank Pierce is the driver.

The three children of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Moore, of 251 South Webster street, are seriously ill with diphtheria

There will be a meeting of the ladies' annex of the City Y. M. C A. on tomorrow afternoon at 2 30 in the parlors of the City Y. M. C A.

The sale of unclaimed freight left at the Pittsburg freight house, was held on the east side of the court house this morning. R B. Rossington superintended the sale and many articles were sold, some of them for a mere song.

Mrs. George Kronmiller, of South Hanna street, and her son, Charles, of the Pittsburg planing mills, left last evening for Analon, Pa, to visit her sister, Mrs. Stern, and other relatives and attend the twenty fifth marriage anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. J. Keil, of Pittsburg, Pa

Rev W. T. Loring, of the Free Methodist church, received a telegram stating that his mother, who resides on a farm near Knox, Ind, was dangerously ill He left immediately for Knox Mrs. Loring is eighty-seven years old and as her health has been poor for some time, it is not thought that she will survive the present illness.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Cleveland—Cleveland, 12, Brooklyn, 6. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6, Boston, 5. At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 2, Baltimore, 10; second game—Pittsburg, 1; Baltimore, 4 At Chicago—Chicago, 2, New York, 5 At Louisville—Louisville, 7, Washington, 5.

Clerk "Billy" Scanlin's smiling countenance was looking down over a good list of arrivals at the Aveline this morning. The late lamented Bowie's creditors have not been able to locate him as yet. Mr. Jones, the new proprietor of the Aveline, is an entirely different kind of a man from those who have recently looked after the uncertain fate of the hotel. Mr. Jones is a gentleman and responsible.

Last evening, in the Foster block, a reception was given to all the pupils and friends of the Farnen Dancing academy. This was the opening of the dance season and dancing school. The rain prevented a great many from attending, and their regrets were received. This school opens for classes Thursday evening for beginners, and has twenty-two enrolled pupils. The teachers have very flattering prospects for the coming season. They go to Warsaw and Huntington, and have large classes there.

A. O. U. W. Attention

All members of Summit City lodge, No 36, are requested to meet at their hall at 1 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, to attend the funeral of our late brother, M. K. Donaldson. Nos. 19, 50 and all A O U. W. brothers please join us.

O. V. RILEY, Master Workman.
G. R. HENCH, Recorder.

A. O. U. W. Attention.

All members of Maumee lodge, No. 50, are requested to meet at their hall at 1 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, to attend the funeral of our late brother, M. K. Donaldson.

J. W. BROWN, Master Workman.

A good time is promised at the Queen Esther social Thursday evening, September 20, at the residence of William Hamilton, corner Clinton and Butler streets.

Novelty Dress Goods.

We have just received a line of novelty dress goods, entirely new fabrics that will make up into lovely dresses, that we have put on our counters at only 12 cents per yard. These are no imitations but the genuine article. We also have a line of figured, striped and polkadot satines, with an extra satin finish. These will make up into elegant dresses, look well, and wear well, and just think of it, they are only 9 cents a yard.

The time has come for making up fall and winter dresses, we are quite sure that if you take the advantage of this sale you will be pleased.

PRINCESS CASH STORE.

M'KINLEY MEETING.

The Tippecanoe Club Will Go to Indianapolis Next Tuesday.

The McKinley meeting at Indianapolis, the 25th instant, promises to be a monster gathering. The Tippecanoe club, of this city, will go, together with hundreds of other people who desire to attend the speaking. Governor McKinley will speak at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Wabash will run a special train from Fort Wayne through to Indianapolis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m, reaching Indianapolis at noon, and starting on the return at 11 o'clock p m. The rate for the round trip has been placed at $2 50—an exceedingly low fare, and one which will insure a large delegation from Allen county and vicinity. 18-tf

Good Enough.

Pond water may do for the waterworks trustees but the people drink Lincoln Tea.

Miss Philley

Is now ready to organize her general and private classes in elocution and physical culture for the coming fall and winter. Information as to terms, hours, etc., may be secured by addressing

MISS ANNA M. PHILLEY,
No 397 South Webster St, City.

FOR SALE.

Three Sets of Buggy Wheels, class B. Will sell cheap.

Call at 224, cor. E. Jefferson and Hanna Streets.

Everybody smokes F. G. and Frank's Choice when they want a good smoke. Sold by all first class dealers.

A Timely Enquiry.

Have the waterworks trustees any suggestions to make to the people who are compelled to dring hydrant water containing typhoid fever germs. Use Lincoln Tea and thereby lessen the danger.

FRANK S. ALBRECHT.

Death of a Well Known Young Man From Consumption.

Many Funerals in This City Today and Quite a Number Occur Tomorrow—Sad Homes.

Frank S. Albrecht, aged twenty-three years, died at an early hour this morning after a lingering illness of consumption. This news will be quite a shock to his many friends, as the young man was known and esteemed by many. Mr. Albrecht first began to fail shortly after the death of his father, about two years ago, and since then has been on a steady decline He was a carriage trimmer by trade but worked before his illness for Bursley & Co. The deceased leaves a mother and two brothers and two sisters to mourn his loss. Ed W, a brother, lives at Roanoke, and Sam W., is in Nutman's bank. Misses Dora and Eva reside at home No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

LANE.

Yesterday afternoon occurred the death of Eliza May Lane, the wife of John W. Lane, at her home, 209 West Jefferson street. The deceased had been a sufferer from inflammation of the bowels, and her death had been expected for almost twenty-four hours. Mr. Lane is the piano tuner and is well known in the city. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late M. K. Donaldson will occur from the residence, No. 21 Poplar street, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. J. M. Boggs, of the Third Presbyterian church, officiating. The following are the active pall bearers: George R. Hench, M. S. Wilson, William Baty, E. D. Scheiman, William Littlejohn, Sherman Swinehart. The honorary poll bearers will be: C. W. Holverstott, N. Conover, George Misner, G. E. Mong, E. B. Smith, C. A. Grimrs.

The funeral of the late William Sessman will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence, the Rev. P. J. Rice officiating The deceased was born ninety two years ago in Dauphin county, Pa, and came to Fort Wayne early in the century. For the past forty years he has lived in the same house A widow and three children survive him. For many years he was a carpenter.

The funeral of the late Edward Haffner, at St. Mary's Catholic church this morning was largely attended

The funeral of Roy, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Morey, was held this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the house.

The funeral of Otto, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Leussenhop, was held today at 1:30, from the residence, and at 2 o'clock from Emanuel's church.

The funeral of the late Miss Louise Lange will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock, from the residence.

The funeral of August, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. August Beyrau, of 226 John street, was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence, Rev. Juengel officiating.

The funeral of the late Miss Clara Stier was held this morning at 9 30 o'clock from the Cathedral. The services were impressive and largely attended.

REV. GEO. E. DAVIES MARRIED.

Wedded to Miss Mabel A. Currie at Tracy, Minn.

The many friends of Rev. George E Davies, of the Bethany Presbyterian church, will be pleased to learn of his marriage to Miss Mabel A. Currie on the 12th inst. The ceremony was performed at Tracy, Minn., in which city the bride resided. The happy couple will be at home at No. 432 West Main street after October 15th. Rev. Davies, it will be remembered, came to Fort Wayne to take his present charge about six months ago. He is a graduate of McCormick university, of Chicago, and a young man of splendid ability. The bride is said to be a charming young lady and highly accomplished.

This morning Mrs. Nora Bash Hughes received at the hands of Wm P. Cooper, special agent of the New York Life Insurance company, a draft for $10,000 in payment of a death claim in the matter of two policies of $5,000 each, held by her late husband, Rev. Joseph Hughes, manager of the Mayflower Mills. Mr. Hughes died on September 1 and the draft was issued at the home office in New York on September 10, the very day the proofs of death were received.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18—Wheat, steady; Sept., 53⅜@53½c; Dec., 56⅞@56½c; May, 61⅝c.

Corn, higher; Sept., 55½c; Oct, 55⅜c; May, 54@54½c

Oats, steady; Sept, 30½c; Oct., 30½c; May, 35½@36c.

Pork, higher; Sept, $14.07½; Jan., $14 06½.

Lard, higher; Sept., $8.92½, Oct, $8 92½; Jan., $8 20.

Ribs, higher; Sept., 7.75; Oct, $7 75; Jan., $7.20.

Rye, dull; 47c.

A Pertinent Question.

What have the waterworks trustees got to say to the people concerning the water supply from the pond at the pumping station? Use Lincoln Tea to ward off danger.

A. B. White, of 8 Arcade, received a large consignment of high grade wheels that he will close out at prices that will make them sell quick. Do not miss the opportunity to get a first-class wheel for a small sum of money. 18tf

Your Plain Duty.

Now that the people know that the city's water mains are impregnated with typhoid fever germs it would be little less than criminal to neglect to sterilize the water they drink or delay the plentiful use of **Lincoln Tea.**

MANY NEW FACES.

Large Attendance This Year in the Public Schools.

Senior Class at the High School the Largest for Many Years Past—Less Teachers.

Dr. John Irwin was asked by a SENTINEL representative this morning as to the opening of the public schools

"We have from present indications," said the doctor, "a larger enrolement that for many years. This is partially accounted for by the fact that times have been dull over the city and that many of the pupils have been thrown out of employment in stores and factories and their parents have wisely concluded to send them to school, instead of having them idle

"Owing to the recent strike the school funds will be short this year as many will be compelled to let their taxes go by default.

"Our corps of teachers is smaller this year than last. Last year we had 140 teachers and this year only 125 We have endeavored to so distribute this loss of instructors as to effect, as little as possible, the efficiency of the schools

"The high school is particularly crowded this year. In the senior class there are sixteen boys and twenty-four girls, which is ten or twelve more than the usual number.

"It is a fact, although not at all curious," continued the doctor, "that what increases the number of pupils in public schools decreases the attendance in private schools The colleges over the country are not near as full this year as last"

THE SENTINEL representative was shown over the high school building and found that during the summer months some very substantial improvements had been made. The large study room has been furnished with new desks and chairs, and in some of the rooms the ventilation has been greatly remedied.

The Magnetic Mineral Well Sanitarium. The pump has been repaired and baths are given every day from 8 a m. to 9 p m Hack at the end of the East Lewis street electric car line to the Sanatarium at all times. 12 tf

Westminster Seminary.

The first session of the twelfth year will begin Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 9 a. m

Arrangements for the entrance of city pupils are better made during the preceding week.

Tuition—First term, preparatory department, $16 00.

Tuition—First term, seminary department, $20 00. 8,11,13,15,17,18

Y. M. C. A. Athletic Contests Centlivre's Park, Sept. 22. 14 tf

White Loaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

A "Regular Dinner" for 25 cents at the Aldine cafe. 12-10t

TRADE IS BOOMING

IN OUR

Children's and Boy's Dept.

Never had such a large trade in Boy's and Children's School Suits.

Fathers and Mothers—We told you we had better goods, with more service and less price for equal quality than any other store. Haven't you found it so? Somebody has, for we sold double the number of suits over any previous season.

We worked for these results, and are determined to get your trade. Remember your money back on all goods not satisfactory or as represented.

Have You Seen

Those elegant fall styles of Hammerslough make Suits for gentlemen that we are showing in great variety of styles and prices. No occasion to leave your measure at the tailors—we can fit you perfectly, and save you fully 1-3 in price.

We are ready to show a complete line of Children's Boy's and Men's Overcoats for early fall wear.

Several styles of Children's Reefer Coats ought to be especially atttraction for the little folk's wear—These cold mornings and evenings, at the prices we are selling them.

FRIENDS' ENTERPRISE,

One Price Clothiers and Hatters,

Cor. Calhoun and Berry Sts.

Everything used by Amateur Photographers at 44 Calhoun St., second floor.

SACRIFICE.

I have the exclusive sale of lot 177 Williams addition on the west side of Calhoun St, near Taber. It can be bought RIGHT. Owner wishes to dispose of it quick—for cash.

JOHN DREIBELBISS,
3 and 4 Pixley and Long Block.

Attend night school at Ft. Wayne Business College Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.

BICYCLES - 50 Per Cent. Dis. - BICYCLES

Big Consignment!

$125.00 Grade, Wood Rims - - - - - - - - $67.50
$100.00 Grade - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - $55.00

These are all First-Class Machines and are guaranteed by the makers for one year. Don't miss this chance. Only a Limited Number.

A. B. WHITE,
8 Arcade.

Open till 8:30 p. m.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Everybody ought to see

The Grand Opening Display

—OF—

BLANKETS and COMFORTS

IN OUR IMMENSE SHOW WINDOWS.

Nowhere else in the city can you find BLANKETS and COMFORTS at such low prices as here.

Some of the inducements to buyers:

BLANKETS

200 pair Gray Blankets worth 89c at 59c a pair.

150 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.00 at 75c a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.25 at $1 00 pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.75 at $1 25 a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.00 at $1.50 a pair.

75 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.50 at $2.00 a pair.

Better qualities at $3 25, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 up to $10.00 a pair.

COMFORTS

100 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.39 at $1 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.75 at $1.25 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.00 at $1.50 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.25 at $1.75 each.
50 Good Quality Comforts worth $2 50 at $2 00 each.

Better qualities at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.75 each.

These Comforts are extra large, and well made, of the finest Satine, Silkoline and Cameo Drapery.

The New Fall Goods are arriving daily. Come in and see them.

One Price to All.

BEADELL & COMPANY,

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

BEST LIGHTED STORE in the CITY.

Full Line

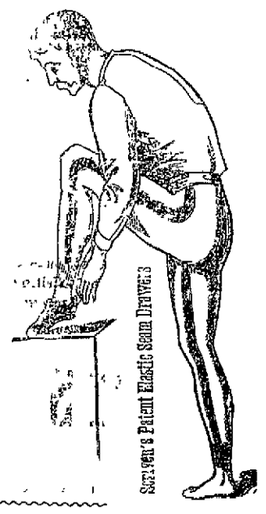
—OF—

FALL AND WINTER

UNDERWEAR,

HOLROYDS,
JAEGERS,
NORFOLK AND
NEW BRUNSWICK,

And the best 50c garment ever shown in the city.



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The Chicago Bakery.

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GELLER'S

Fine Chocolates and cream bonbons. Ice cream and ices manufactured all the year around.

—:O:—

Cor. Washington Boulevard and Broadway Telephone, No 163

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Be Beautiful!

BEAUTIFY AND DEVELOP THE FORM.

Mme. Ada F. Evans Complexion specialist of Chicago is in the city for a few days. One facial treatment free to introduce her wonderful Complexion bleach among the ladies, all facial blemishes removed, such as wrinkles, pimples, black heads, tan, freckles, etc. Superfluous hair removed without injury to the most delicate face. Mme. Evans is a graduate in Chiropodis work. Instant and painless relief from corns, bunions and ingrown nails. Developments of the bust a specialty.

New York Hair Parlors,
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NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR.

Switches, Alcohol Lamps, Novelties in Hair Ornaments, Hair Dressing, Manicuring.

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No, 29 E. Washington St.

IT PAYS!

To attend the Fort Wayne Business College for a thorough training in business branches, Shorthand, Typewriting, English Training, Mechanical and Architectural Drawing. Fall term begins Sept. 3. Enter now.

THE CHICAGO CARPET RUG MFG'R,
At Cor. Wells and Superior Sts,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

Will weave Rugs from old and new carpet scraps of either Body Brussels, Tapestry, Moquette, Wilton and Velvet if furnished. Five pounds of carpet to the square yard. Also Rugs can be made from Ingrain Carpet, which will only take 4lbs. to one square yd. Prices greatly reduced. S. REELING Prop'r.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says:

"The Fort Wayne Sentinel, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

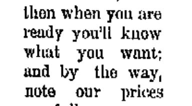
ESTABLISHED 1833. TUESDAY. SEPT. 18. 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Thought About Fall and Winter Goods Yet?

We're ready to supply your wants. Drop in and look about; get posted on the new styles and fabrics, and then when you are ready you'll know what you want; and by the way, note our prices carefully, compare them if you will, and you'll agree with us that good goods can be purchased in our establishment for less money than in any other shop in the city.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

HATS THAT ARE "IN IT"



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Talk about

Fall Style Hats!

They are all here.

Call and See Them

AT

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS

FOR THIS WEEK.

Special lot very fine 40-cent straw matting this week at 25c.

Special purchase of twenty-five Antique Oak finish Bedroom suits, with large bevel mirrors in Cheval Dressers; suits worth $25 to $30, selling at $17. Will not last long.

Beautiful Bird's Eye White Maple Bedroom suit—very nobby—worth $75 for $39.50. Dresser has a special shape French mirror in it. This suit would cost you about double if purchased in Chicago or Grand Rapids.

Curly Birch Center Tables—new design, $4.85.

Special sale of 100-piece Dinner Sets of imported and domestic.

Porcelain China at $5.45, $6 45, $8.00, $9.25, and up to $20.00. We save you fully one-third on these goods.

FOSTERS.

J. G. THIEME & SON,

CLOTHING

Made Firm and Fit Perfect, Comprises the very Latest Fabrics, Cut and made in the very Latest Styles, which we offer at

POPULAR PRICES.

Call and Examine before buying.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

TRAIN HELD UP!

Five Missouri Farmers Are the Bandits.

They Sought Cash, and Received Bullets.

The Express Car Filled With Armed Detectives,

Who Open Fire Upon the Bandits, Pursue Them in the Woods and Capture Two.

Gorin, Mo., Sept. 18—The Colorado and Utah express on the Santa Fe was held up by robbers at 3:30 this morning. Owing to the fact that the railroad and express officials had a spy on the trail of the bandits when they stopped the train, they met a hail of buckshot and bullets and it is said at least two lie dead in the surrounding woods, while as many others rode for their rendezvous, twenty-one miles away, filled with leaden pellets.

They were novices in the art of train robbery, and brutal ones at that, for they shot "Dad" Prescott, the engineer, before they even gave him a chance to hold up his hands. His wound, it is believed, will not prove fatal.

The raid was planned three weeks ago, but not put into execution till this morning.

When the train left Chicago, at 5 o'clock last evening, railroad and express detectives, all walking arsenals, climbed on at every station. Chief Detective J. J. Kinny, of the Santa Fe, with G. C. Montgomery, his right hand man, boarded it at Joliet. At Streator they were joined by two more men who have been patrolling the line for twenty days.

J. A. Matthews, who has been acting the spy for the last two weeks and getting the news of their plans, put in an appearance at Galesburg. He brought news that the would-be robbers met early in the day and decided to leave their hiding place, near Memphis, at 8.30 o'clock last night and make their third attempt to get rich at the expense of the express company. They expected to make a haul of at least $50,000, the Monday run being always much heavier than any other day of the week.

When the train reached Fort Madison, Iowa, shortly after midnight, Division Superintendent Stockton, of the Wells Fargo Express company, got in the rear car. He carried a "sawed off" Winchester with a history. It belonged to Bill Dalton, and it was but poetic justice to turn it loose upon followers in the footsteps of the Kansas desperado. With him were four men. Their arms were in the express car where they had been for several days. Then a council of war was held. It was first proposed to ambuscade the force behind a barricade of trunks and boxes in the express car and allow the robbers to enter.

The messenger was to throw up his hands and kneel down to open up the safe; then he was to fall on the floor and then—why, the "sawed off" Winchesters would commence to bark. Two men were to be stationed on the engine to protect the trainmen and another was to guard the rear. This scheme was finally abandoned. The plan adopted was this:

Detectives Kinney and Montgomery boarded the engine. Superintendent Stockton and two of his good shots tarried in the express car. But it was in the forward end of the smoking car that the forces were massed. A partition and door incloses half a dozen seats and shuts off the rest of the car from it. There the men, a dozen of them, were planted. Each had one of the "sawed offs," every cartridge loaded especially for the event with two dozen buckshot by Superintendent Stockton.

There was only one passenger in that compartment, and he was requested by the brakeman to take a seat in the chair car, as "they were going to sweep."

At 2 o'clock, when Sheriff Saling, of Scotland county, climbed on board, all details of the surprise party were arranged.

There was one man, however, who had to be looked out for and protected. He was the spy. According to the report brought in by Matthews, the spy would endeavor to be the one who flagged the train. If so, one torpedo would preceed the swinging on the lantern. In another there would be a couple of the tiny bombs. The order was that no matter if every one of the guilty ones got away, there was to be no shooting to endanger the life of the man who had, in fact, taken his life in his hands in order to frustrate the attempt at robbery. And so, as the minutes sped on, an unwonted silence settled down on the train. Pullman car conductors and porters sought places of safety, and even the trainmen did not expose themselves unnecessarily.

In the little compartment filled with armed men the lights were out and the windows were up. In each seat were two men sitting sideways, the muzzles of their guns protruding just a trifle over the sills. Behind them stood others, seemingly statues, with Winchesters at half cock resting on their arms. They were waiting for the torpedo.

Out from between two high embankments, just one mile from Gorin, sped the train. One minute more and the anxious watchers would know whether they again had their labor in vain. Then came the crack of the looked and longed for signal. There was but one. A moment and a shrill, sharp whistle gave token that the engineer had heard, and almost before his hand left the valve, across the tracks, not fifty yards away, swung a red light. A grinding of wheels along the rails told that the air had been applied, and within twenty seconds from the explosion of the torpedo the train was at a standstill. Out from the dense undergrowth near the track came four forms. The face of each was hidden by a black mask. One, more agile than the rest, rushed to the engine almost before his companions could reach the express car. He carried a rifle and when within ten feet of the engineer brought it to his shoulder, pointed it at "Dad" Prescott, the white bearded engineer, and as he shouted "hold up your hands," pulled the trigger.

His aim was true, and "Dad" fell to the floor of his cab with a bullet in his right breast. With one bound Kinney gained the top of the tender, and bringing his gun to his shoulder, sent a load of shot almost into the face of the masked individual. How on earth the fellow ever managed to move six inches is a mystery; but he did, and made for the woods.

The shot which laid Engineer Prescott low was the signal for a fusilade, and was echoed and re-echoed from bank to bank and through the woods. It was also the signal for a hasty retreat to the shelter of the timber on the part of the greatly surprised individuals whose features were hidden by masks. Not until they reached the timber did they answer; then they only fired two shots. But their aim was not good, and although men were leaning from the car windows and pulling triggers as fast as possible, while others had jumped to the earth and were after them on foot, they failed to hit a man.

According to the program their horses were hitched not over 100 yards away. When the posse from the train reached the spot they saw one animal, a gray, galloping north. A well directed shot brought it low, but there was no rider on its back. The place where the horses were tied was soon found, and cut hitching straps showed that one man, at least, had life enough left to make his escape. Sheriff Sailing took the saddle, blanket and bridle from the dead gray, and says by their aid he will have no trouble in identifying the owner. The search for dead and wounded was postponed until daylight. But the chase after the one or ones who escaped was started within ten minutes after the shooting ended. The sheriff secured horses here and with half a dozen men started north. They know the men and are confident they will have them in custody soon.

It is not likely the passengers in the rear end of the smoker, those who were dozing in the chair car and the half-dozen or so sleepless ones in the sleeper will ever forget the experience.

With the first shot every man near a window opened it and looked out. With the second shot the heads went in, their owners dropped flat down on the floor of the car. Then the cry "train robbers" went through the train and women went down on their knees, lifted their hands and screamed as vigorously and persistently as if a mouse was in sight. It was absolutely impossible to walk through the cars without climbing over the seats. When the excitement was at its height the brakeman put his head in the door and shouted:

"Keep your heads down, ladies and gentlemen. Train robbers are outside."

In the sleeper, Selma, two women ran shrieking from their berths and were headed for the danger spot, when Conductor Bloo captured them and forcibly prevailed on them to go back to bed. And there were at least one dozen individuals who snored through it all and did not miss a note.

When the train reached Gorin, Engineer Prescott was removed to a private house and Dr. Cruikshank, a Santa Fe physician in New Mexico, who was on the train, attended his injuries. Fireman McGraw took the train west.

Twice before last night's attempt the bandits left their hiding place, twenty-one miles away, and started for the spot selected for the deed of violence. Each time a copious fall of rain balked them. Eleven nights ago they saddled up shortly after 10 o'clock and started to ride slowly across the country. It was cloudy and they had not covered more than a third of the distance when rain began to fall. Some were in favor of turning back at once, declaring they were not going to run the chances of being tracked by a mud trail. Their objections were overruled for the time being, but by the time the cavalcade was within seven miles of the railroad track it was apparent to even the most foolhardy that discretion was the better part of valor. The command to retreat was given and the procession returned. The next day two of Kinney's men followed the trail for five miles. From the indications they say eight men were in the party that night.

Late Saturday morning was the second time the affair was billed to come off. If it had not been for the rain the attack would have been made, for in addition to the regular "prize" carried, in the express car on the train was a big bundle of money to be used by the Santa Fe in settling with its employes for August. At least that is the information on which the robbers were acting. But the rain came down too early and with too much rigor even to permit a start. Detective Kinney was a badly chagrined man when the train passed the point at which, according to program, it should have been flagged. He was ready for them that night even more so than he had been before. He was on the engine clad in a suit of blue jumpers and looking for all the world like an apprentice to the art of firing an engine.

Snugly ensconced in a skillfully constructed "dug out" in the heaping tender full of coal was another of his good men, a man who has put six bullets into as many telegraph poles while riding past them as fast as a pony could take him.

Inside the express car, behind an innocent pile of trunks, egg cases and bundles of merchandise, which were in reality barricades of cotton, were seven men with loaded Winchesters and a couple of big colts, "mighty handy in a tight place," as Kinney put it.

The cunning of the "hold up" craftsmen was shown in the selection of the spot for "turning the little trick," as the robbery was professionally designated. For ten miles there is no night telegraph station until La Plata is reached, and there is no stop there. Once in a while the train takes water at Grin, but there is nothing there except the tank. Not within the memory of the oldest man on the road has a halt been made at Baring. But at Hurdeland, which is just ten miles west of the last named station, is a switch into which the train runs every morning and waits for the eastbound express to pass. Both are due there at the same second and invariably they are on time. But if the westbound should not put in an appearance the eastbound would have to camp there until it came along, for there is no means of finding out what the trouble is without running back to La Plata.

The men who planned the robbery figured that they had the train dead to rights in a pocket and could have the time necessary not only to rifle the express car, but to relieve the passengers of their valuables. It is evident they also made a careful study of the topography of the country. For nearly a thousand feet before the spot at which the red light was swung across the rails the road winds on a reverse curve through a cut, with embankments from ten to forty feet high. Then comes a little fill, followed by a stretch of track almost on a level with the surrounding country. On either side of the right-of-way are dense clumps of oak and hickory, not to mention an undergrowth as bad as that of the northern Michigan pine woods. But the timber, although apparently thick and impenetrable, is only so for less than a quarter of a mile from the track. Beyond that the country stretches practically clear and is easily traversed almost to the Iowa line.

It was in the middle of the timber that the horses were hid (good, strong-limbed animals) and it was the calculation that after the night's business had been accomplished two hours' hard riding would put every man safe from pursuit, and that, too, soon after day dawn. There are no telegraph lines up in the country where the gang had been hiding and it was thought news of the hold up would not penetrate to that region until after the participants in the affair had time to cover their tracks.

It is nearly five weeks since the Santa Fe and the Wells Fargo officials received the tip that the raid was contemplated. Since then the express car, whether inhabited by Detective Kinney's men or not, has been a regular arsenal. Every night at least half a dozen secret service men have climbed aboard at different points along the line east of Fort Madison and scattered themselves in the day, reclining chair and smoking coaches.

Soon after that point was reached they would have worked forward in the smoker, not a man exchanging a word with the other, all total strangers as far as outward appearances went, and before Gorin was passed half of them had disappeared into the express car. This was merely precautionary.

Detective Kinney's spy gave him twenty-four hours notice of the two premeditated raids spoiled by rain, and then the full force was on hand. But the railroad and express people were taking no chances. When the danger point had been passed the men would drop off at different stations, working back east along the road in the day time and repeating the operation the next night. No one man ever climbed the train from the same town, however. The nights the robbers failed to keep their appointments the whole party alighted at Hurdleland, took their armory from the express car and returned to Madison, Galesburg, Chillicothe and Streator.

Train No. 5 on the Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe railway is what is known as the "Colorado and Utah" limited. It leaves the Polk street station in Chicago daily at 5 o'clock p. m., and is due to arrive in Kansas City at 9 o'clock the next morning. The Santa Fe runs almost due southwest between Chicago and Kansas City and crosses the Mississippi river at Fort Madison. Entering the state of Missouri 250 miles distant from Chicago, the road runs for some miles through a rough country, the many small streams which have their headwaters in southeastern Iowa, breaking it up into hills and valleys, some sections being densely wooded. The brakes of the Mississippi river are only a few miles to the east.

This section, during the civil war, was overrun with bushwhackers, who frequently carried terror to the little

(Continued on Third Page)

A SISTER NATION.

Japan Recognized as One of the Civilized Nations.

The New Treaties Which She Is Now Forming With the Great Powers of the World.

Washington, Sept. 18—The new treaties which Japan is effecting with the great powers, including the United States, are regarded in diplomatic circles as an event in international affairs quite as important as the Chinese Japanese war, as the treaties will for the first time give official recognition to Japan as one of the sisterhoods of civilized nations. The terms of the treaty with Great Britian have just been made public. A similar treaty is now being negotiated with this country and it is expected to be the second of new treaties to be signed. Then will come a like treaty with Germany and other powers. The significant feature of this new series of treaties is that they for the first time deal with the Japanese as a civilized nation entitled to the same treaty rights as the countries of Europe or the Western hempishere. All of the Japanese treaties now existing treat her as a half barbarous country, and are relics of the days prior to her advance toward civilization in methods.

The records of the state department show that the United States was the first to make a treaty of any kind with Japan and the first to send a minister there. This was within the last forty years, prior to which time Japan was in such a benighted condition that no diplomatic communication was had with her. In 1858 Secretary of State Lewis Cass sent Townsend Harris, of New York, as consul general and afterward as minister to Japan. He was the first official of the kind Japan had ever seen. He took his life in his hands by pushing inland, going to the seat of government at Yeddo, where he succeeded in making an advantageous treaty. This served as the basis for subsequent treaties with Great Britain, Prussia, France, Switzerland and other countries. In 1866 our minister, Mr. Portman, had the treaty changed, making the tariff rate five per cent. ad valorem. Other countries secured the same change. These old treaties are still in force and are the ones about to be superseded by the new series of treaties.

The main feature of the new treaties is that they recognize Japan as a full treaty-making power and make commercial arrangements with her accordingly. The old treaty gave the United States a uniform tariff rate of 5 per cent, ad valorem for sending goods into Japan, although the country was left free to impose such tariff rates as she saw fit against Japan. The new treaty will raise the Japanese rates on the principle that the government is now able to enact a just and enlightened tariff law of its own. The rate for imports from the United States is understood to be from 6 to 8 per cent. and to be a specific instead of an ad valorem duty. This is the rate in the British treaty, and the purpose is to have them alike.

Another important change is opening up Japan to Americans and other foreigners. The old treaties restrict foreigners to certain designated treaty ports. Japan now proposes to throw open her entire country, making only one reservation against the alien ownership of land, similar to the laws in some American states. With this reservation Americans and other foreigners will be allowed to conduct business, lease land, etc., in any part of Japan. On the other hand Japan desires by the new treaties to rid herself of the consular courts and other foreign tribunals which sit at the treaty ports and have jurisdiction over all cases, civil and criminal, in which a foreigner was a party. These courts were established on the theory that eastern countries were extremely cruel in their punishment, but as the Japanese judicial system is now patterned after that of eastern countries it is felt that full justice will be accorded foreigners in Japan without the continuance of the foreign courts. With Great Britain, the United States and Germany joining in the recognition of Japanese advancement, the country will in effect be officially received as one of the fully civilized treaty making nations.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

What Other People Say About Fort Wayne People.

The Lima, Ohio, Democrat says. "Mrs. Dr. William Enslen, of Fort Wayne, Ind., spent Sunday here, the guest of her brother, Mr. C. H. Leist, and family, of Greenlawn avenue."

The Huntington Democrat says: "Miss Allie Autenrick, who has been visiting in the city the past week, returned home to Fort Wayne Sunday evening, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Ida Wetter."

The Decatur Democrat says: "Mrs. A. D. Moffett entertains friends at dinner this evening in honor of Mrs. Ferry, of Fort Wayne.—Mrs A. E. Pierce, of Fort Wayne, is in the city. She reports Mr. Pierce's health in about the same condition as while here.—Mrs. Nell Humble, of Fort Wayne, returned home this afternoon.—Frank Stone, of Fort Wayne, is shaking hands with friends here today."

The Kendallville Sun says: "Mrs. Mary Barron went to Fort Wayne this morning to attend the wedding of her youngest son, Lewis, to Miss Belle Mills, which takes place at the residence of the bride's parents, on Griffith street, tomorrow morning.—Mrs. Cora B. Anderson has secured the services of Miss Rose Noland, of Fort Wayne, as trimmer. Miss Noland is a lady of refined taste and pleasing manner."

ALTHOUGH A QUEEN

And Worshipped by Her Subjects, Her Life Is Unhappy.

Interesting Story of the Tropical Princess Who Rules Over One of the Islands of the South Pacific.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 18—The bark Helen N. Almy, just returned from a trading voyage among the islands of the South Pacific, brings the story of a tropical princess, half English and half native, who rules over the Manua groups against her wishes, though her subjects worship her after the fashion that the Coreans worship their king, or as the Peruvians humbled themselves before the virgins of the sun.

History repeats itself in the biography of Margaret Young, the English name of the prisoner princess, for the story of Francis Young, a sailor who landed at the island of Tau nearly 100 years ago, is recalled. This man married a Tau native woman who was queen of the group. His son by her wedded a half breed maiden. Margaret Young is the daughter of that son. Through the death of all the heirs apparent to the throne of the Manuas, Miss Young found herself called upon to assume the power of mistress of the islands. This news was conveyed to her at Apia some months ago by a delegation of chiefs from Manua and she was forced by the laws of hereditary obtaining in the southern Archipeligo to accompany them back to Tau, where she was immediately installed as queen.

Great interest is lent to the case of the girl, who is but twenty two years of age, by the report that she is highly educated and was at the time of her sudden call from Apia, happily pursuing the course of her studies at a Catholic convent.

Captain Luttrel, of the Army, and his wife, who accompanied him on his last trip, were the first white people permitted to interview the queen and obtained from her majesty the story that her life was one of misery in spite of the professional respects shown her by her native subjects. She is a ruler that is compelled to maintain an odious reserve, the sanctity of her dwelling being rigidly preserved by fierce warriors, who stand ready to decapitate the bold intruder who dares to enter the queen's sacred presence without first being especially appointed by the spirit fires and summoned by a council of chiefs.

"The grand chief of the group is the only man that is allowed to approach the queen," explained Captain Luttrel. "He attends to her wants, assisted by two maids who never leave her side, except when they are called upon to do her bidding. Should any native desire to pay tribute to her in the shape of fish or fowl he must fasten his gift on the end of a bamboo pole, advance with closed eyes and thrust the stick through the doorway of the palace. Queen Margaret, as we will term her, is not allowed to walk outside the cabin limits. She must be carried on a litter by her maids, and when she ventures forth upon such a journey the subjects are ordered, under pain of death to keep hidden in their respective domiciles."

The captive queen explained to Luttrell that she desired to be freed, but had never dared to say so to those who held her prisoner. She explained that her subjects were kind hearted and meant to cause her no unhappiness, but they religiously followed the customs of their ancestors in acting as they do toward her.

OFFICIAL WAR NEWS.

The Japanese Minister Receives a Report of the Battle.

English Papers Think Overtures of Peace Would be Acceptable to China.

Washington, Sept. 18 The Japanese minister here is in receipt of a cable message from his government at Tokio, saying that: "On September 15th the Japanese army attacked the Chinese forces, which were strongly entrenched at Ping Yang, and after some severe fighting won a complete victory, capturing Ping Yang before the dawn of the 16th. The Chinese numbered more than 20,000, and with the exception of a very few who fled the rest, were either killed, wounded or taken prisoners, including the Chinese commander, General Tso. A very large quantity of provisions and of arms and munitions of war were captured. The Japanese loss was 300 killed and wounded."

London, Sept 18—The Daily Graphic, in an article under the caption of "the Chinese Sedan," comments on the Ping Yang battle at length. The Japanese, the article says, have managed their campaign with a grasp of military science and soldierly ability deserving of the utmost credit."

The Daily News says: "It is difficult to see how China can recover from the blow which reveals the essential weakness of her military equipment and administration. The powers will probably be content to accept the "faits accomplis" if the Japanese are wise enough to show moderation and a just sense of their position. The moment is favorable for the neutral power to renew their overtures for peace."

Frank's Choice and F. G. are the best 5c cigars in the city.

J. D. Williams expert accountant Office: 63 East Main street.

SERIOUS RUNAWAY.

Mrs. Sudbrink and Son Hurt on Montgomery Street.

Their Horse Took Fright at an Electric Car—Both Badly Injured—Several Other Casualties.

Mrs. William Sudbrink and her fifteen year old son, of No. 445 Hanna street, met with a shocking runaway accident this morning, about 10 o'clock, on Montgomery street. Mrs. Sudbrink and her son were driving down street in a buggy when their horse took fright at an electric car and ran away. The lady was thrown out on the hard paving and was badly cut and bruised about the head and shoulders. The boy's foot caught in the lines and he was jerked out of the rig and fell on his head. He was dragged some distance and was picked up unconscious. The horse ran on down street and was caught but not until the buggy was badly damaged. The injured woman and her son were cared for by passers by until Drs. McCausland and Dinnen arrived, when they were taken home. The boy was the worst hurt, and at first it was thought he was fatally injured, but at last accounts he was resting easy.

ANOTHER RUNAWAY.

About the same time there was another runaway on Barr street, near the market. A horse hitched to a light road wagon ran away and knocked a farmer out of another wagon with which it collided. The farmer was not seriously hurt.

SKULL CRUSHED.

Yesterday afternoon Frank, the twelve-year-old son of farmer Evan Bell, living five miles northeast of Roanoke, received a probably fatal injury. The boy was leading one horse and walking behind another which kicked striking the lad in the skull. He was taken unconscious into the house, and Dr. J. L. McBride, of Zanesville, was hastily summoned. Dr. McBride called Dr. W. H. Myers, of this city, in consultation with him, and together they trephined the unfortunate boy's skull, removing a considerable section of bone from the right side. Young Bell is paralyzed on one side and the chances are altogether against his recovery.

HER HAND CUT.

The other night at the formal opening of the Strack saloon, four miles southwest of this city, a row took place in which Mary Strack, one of the older members of the family, was badly cut in the hand. She was endeavoring to quell the riot. The hand is fearfully swollen and blood poisoning may set in. Dr. George C. Stemen has the case.

A LIVE WIRE.

A live telephone wire caused havoc on Calhoun street, near the alley running between Jefferson and Washington streets about 8 o'clock last night. A chair fell from a window above and the telephone wire dropped across the trolly wire of the street car line. At the central station a switch board was burned out and many wires rendered temporarily useless. A small boy named Brown, and who works as a messenger for the Western Union, ran into the wire and was knocked down and stunned. Later he recovered and did not seem to be seriously hurt.

OTHER CASUALTIES.

It was reported that Walter Whaling, of Kendallville, a young bicycle rider well known in this city, had been killed by an accident, but such proves not to have been the case. He was better at last accounts.

Robert Klaehn and Charles Winkelmeyer, of Schuman & Klaehn's undertaking parlors, had a serious runaway on East Washington street yesterday afternoon. They were driving their team along at a rapid rate, when the harness broke and the horses ran away. The horses dashed into a post and were stopped. Mr. Winkelmeyer was unhurt, but Mr. Klaehn received a serious injury to his right hand.

Mrs Miller, of Superior street, fell yesterday and fractured her arm. Dr. George B. Stemen attended.

THE COURT HOUSE.

News as Gathered Around the Different Offices.

Judge Dawson and the jury are hearing the arguments in the Hursh railroad case.

Andrew W. Keller has instituted proceedings to enforce a partition of real estate against Mary Meyer et al. Morris, Bell, Barrett & Morris are attorneys.

Louisa Schoppman has qualified as administratrix of the estate of Dorothea Laudre.

Edward Finan has filed bond as executor of the estate of Elizabeth McGovern.

Frank T. Keller has been appointed guardian of the minor heirs of Sebastian Keller.

John Kolbus has filed bond in the sum of $700 as guardian of Charles Kolbus.

The late Mrs Elizabeth McGovern left a will devising her estate to her grand stepson, James McGovern.

The last will of Margaret Ann Mckeeman divides her estate to her children and grand children.

The personal property of the late Fred Eckart, under decree of court, has been sold to Henry and Fred Eckart, his sons.

All New—The Latest.

An event in the shoe business of Fort Wayne will be Thing & Co's Grand Opening, Saturday, Sept. 22 at their elegant new store, 32 Calhoun street. Look for the large red boot. Rulers and picture cards for the children. See our ads.

PUT IN JAIL.

The Alleged Correspondent of the Sunday Sun,

An Obscene, Licentious and Libelous Sheet.

Charles Glessner Arrested, Has a Hearing and Is Sent to Jail to Await His Final Trial.

Charles A. Glessner, who is alleged to be one of the correspondents of the licentious Kansas City Sunday Sun, and aided in the attempted circulation of the vile sheet in this city last Saturday night, was arrested last evening by Constable John Wise, charged with circulating obscene literature, the affidavit having been sworn to by Harry S Tinkham before Justice Daniel Ryan.

Glessner is a man about forty years old. He was formerly a printer and years ago, when the Keils were running the paper, worked on the Gazette. On account of differences the printers on that paper, at the time Glessner was holding cases on it, inaugurated a strike against it and left their positions, but Glessner remained and, with the aid of girls and small boys, assisted the proprietors in getting out the issue of the paper. For this he incurred the dislike of the union printers and for a long time was denounced by them as a "scab."

Afterwards Glessner went into the saloon business, but retired from that after a few years, because for some reason he was unable to make it pay. Since then he has been working at what he could get to do and the conviction is pretty strong that he is one of the principal correspondents in this city of the Kansas City Sunday Sun.

After Glessner's arrest last evening the prisoner was arraigned before Justice Ryan, charged with having circulated an obscene, lewd and lascivious publication. Glessner entered a plea of not guilty. Upon motion of the prosecutor the case was continued for hearing until this morning, at 10 o'clock. In default of $50 bonds Glessner was taken to jail by Constable Wise and locked up.

After remaining in jail until about 8 o'clock, Glessner got Louis Bramen to furnish bond and he was released from custody. His liberty, however, was of brief duration. Constable Wise, with another warrant, was on his track and Glessner was arrested upon a new charge and taken to jail, where he remained all night, because he could find nobody to go on his bond.

This morning Glessner was brought from jail to the court of Justice Ryan by the constable for the hearing of his case and a large crowd of spectators were present to get a sight of the man who has earned such a dirty reputation. He is a big red-faced, stomach-swollen fellow and has the appearance of being anything else than a newspaper man, and yet, it is said, that some years ago he was a good writer and a good news hustler, but drink proved his ruin and for a long time he has eked out a rather precarious living.

Attorney Elmer Leonard represented the prisoner in court this morning and Attorney Charley Ryan appeared for the state. As soon as the prisoner appeared his attorney made a motion to quash the affidavit upon the ground that it did not state facts sufficient to constitute a criminal action. He said the Sun was not an obscene paper and requested the court to examine the paper. This the court did and, agreeing with the verdict of the majority of those who have read the vile sheet, he said he thought that the paper was of such an immoral tone as to render it unfit for circulation in a respectable community. This convinced Mr Leonard that his client's goose was cooked and he consequently moved for a change of venue. Justice Ryan allowed the motion and sent the case to Justice Wilkinson, before whom it will be tried next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The sentiment of respectable people in this city is against the licentious Kansas City Sunday Sun, because of its dirty prostitute talk, libelous articles and the irresponsibility of the paper. The Gazette this morning, in an editorial, voices public sentiment when it says:

"The determination of the officers to prevent the sale of the vile publication, printed in Kansas City and called a newspaper, is commendable and will be endorsed by every person possessing at least a modicum of morality. That such a disreputable, degrading sheet is permitted anywhere is little less than an outrage, and that in the city of Fort Wayne sales should amount to the thousands, as we have been reliably informed is the fact, does not show well upon its face. If this is the pabulum demanded by so many people, it is high time that the authorities interpose and insist that the number shall not be increased by the promiscuous sale and circulation.

"No one supposed that a full grown man would be found so lost to all sense of shame as to peddle the vile stuff, yet on Saturday night one was discovered and many sales in secret were made. His arrest followed, and yesterday Charles Glessner was in jail, no one at first being willing to risk the paltry sum of $50 to secure his freedom. There will be no sympathy extended to the person against whom proceedings have been brought. On the contrary, it is to be hoped that, when his guilt has been clearly shown, his punishment may be commensurate with his crime against society and morals."

Glessner was unable, after his preliminary hearing before Justice Ryan, to give bond for his appearance next Saturday and the constable took him to jail.

FORT WAYNE PRESBYTERY.

Meeting of the Ministerial Association at Huntington.

The presbytery of Fort Wayne began its yearly meeting at Huntington last evening, the opening sermon being preached by Rev. Edwin Craven, of Ossian. Rev. Craven is the retiring moderator of the presbytery. During the session reports will be presented in writing by the chairmen of the permanent committees on home and foreign missions, education, publication and Sunday school work, church erection, ministerial relief, freedmen, colleges and academies, systematic beneficence, temperance, young people's societies, state of religion, etc.

The membership of the presbytery is made up of the ministers and one elder from each of the churches in the eleven counties, Adams, Wells, Allen, Dekalb, Noble, Steuben, Lagrange, Elkhart, Kosciusko, Whitley and Huntington, which compose and are embraced within the limits of the Fort Wayne presbytery.

The presbytery is one of the most influential religious bodies in the state. It has twenty-nine churches, with a membership of 4,581 and a Sabbath school membership of 4,176. The total contributions for all causes for the year ending April, 1894, were $50,065, or an average of nearly $11 for each member.

AMERICAN FURNITURE

Finds a Good and Growing Market in Germany.

Washington, Sept. 18—Consul E. W. S. Tingle, of Brunswick, Germany, has sent to the state department a sanguine paper upon the field presented for the exportation of American made furniture to Germany. He represents that the Germans are very unskilled in the manufacture of furniture, despite the fact that they are in general eminently practical and excell in many forms of handicraft. Two reasons exist for this deficiency, viz: The scarcity of wood in Germany and the fact that the Germans have not accustomed themselves to as many articles of furniture as are used in America.

WILL BE MARRIED.

William E. Henderson and Miss Rose Anna Jones.

The event of the season in colored circles will be the marriage tomorrow evening of Miss Rose Anna Jones, of 31 Pearl street, to William Earl Henderson. The ceremony will be performed at 8 o'clock at the A. M. E. church by Rev. W. H. Brown. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom will repair to their future home, No. 52 Force street, which has already been completely furnished for housekeeping. There a reception will be given to the relatives and intimate friends of Mr. and Mrs. Henderson. Many people from other cities will attend the wedding. Mr. Henderson is janitor at the Bass offices, and is an industrious and intelligent man. He stands high in colored circles, and enjoys the respect and confidence of his employes and the men in the office where he is employed. Both he and Miss Jones are prominent members of the A. M. E. church.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

Dates and Speakers for Meetings in This County.

The democratic county central committee has arranged and announced meetings and speakers as follows:

SEPTEMBER 22.

School House No. 6, Lafayette Township—Hon. Edward O'Rourke, Mr. E. V. Emerick.

Hoagland—Hon. John F. Rodabough, Mr. Charles H. Worden.

Huntertown—Hon. S. M. Foster, Mr. E. H. Parker.

Sheldon—Mr. J. M. Robinson, Mr. P. W. Schadden.

Leo—Hon. W. H. Shambaugh, Mr. T. E. Ellison.

Busse's School House, Milan Township—Hon. J. D. Sarnighausen, Hon. C. M. Dawson, Mr. Henry C. Berghoff.

SEPTEMBER 26.

Hirsch School House, Perry Township—Hon. Edward O'Rourke, Mr. E. V. Emrick.

Block's School House, St. Joe Township—Hon. C. M. Dawson, Mr. T. E. Ellison.

Edgerton—Mr. J. M. Robinson, Mr. N. D. Doughman.

CHARLES M. CHAMBERS

Goes to Indian Territory to Engage in Educational Work.

Charles M. Chambers will leave tomorrow morning for Wellawa, I. T., where he will take a position as physical instructor in the Meckasukey academy at that place. This is an institution under the charge of the Presbyterians for the education of the Seminole Indians. Mr. Will E. Davis, of this city, is one of its professors.

Mr. Chambers is a young man of fine character and good business and educational qualifications and the wishes of many friends will go with him to his new home. His duties will not permit him to return until next July, when he will probably come to this city to spend his summer vacation with his parents.

If you enjoy a good smoke, then try F. G. and Frank's Choice. Sold by all first-class dealers.

Attend International Business college, Schmitz block. 14 tf

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MONEY TO LOAN.

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On Real Estate or Personal Security. Rooms 27 and 28, Bank Block.

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INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collection Rental Agent.
Room 25 Bank Block.--- Fort Wayne, Ind

S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
No. 9 East Berry street. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000, Surplus $85,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch. Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

White National Bank
Capital & Surplus, $222,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

ARCHITECT.

A. D. ORDWAY,
ARCHITECT - AND - SUPERINTENDENT.
Office: 12 & 13 Schmidt Block.
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

PHYSICIANS.

ROBT. F. LIPER, M. D.,
Practice limited to diseases of the Skin and Genito-Urinary Surgery.
Office, rooms 22-23 Pixley-Long Block.
Hours: 9-12 a. m., 1-4 p. m., 7-8 p. m.

DR. ALBERT E. BULSON, JR.
Practice Limited to EYE and EAR.
No. 22, 23, 24 Pixley-Long Block.
Telephone 113. Hours 9-12 a. m. 2-4 p.m.

G. W. BOWEN, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours for consultation, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays, 9 to 12. Office, No. 11 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. B. H. HAVICE,
Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., 4.30 to 5 p. m.
Office, No. 41 W. Berry St. Phone, No. 58.

DR. B. GARD—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex may consult me free of charge at my office, 1? West Wayne street. Telephone 246.

J. C. MILLER, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Rooms 38 and 39 Pixley Long Block.
Office hours—9-12 a.m., 2-5 p.m. 7-8 p.m.
Telephone 18. Fort Wayne Indiana.

DR. G. W. MILLER, EYE and EAR.
Office Hours 9-10 a. m., 2-5 and 6-8 p. m.
Spectacles fitted. Office 12 E. Washington St.

DRUGGIST.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 183

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS.

KERLIN & BLOOM,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Telephone No. 303. 101 Calhoun Street

CLEANING CLOTHING.

GUST SCHUBERT,
65 East Main street.
Steam Dye Works.
The only house in this country using ELECTRICAL CLEANING APPARATUS, for all kinds of garments without injury.

HAULING

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All kinds of freight, household goods etc., promptly attended to. Office 127 Calhoun Street, telephone No. 334.
P. J. BULGER.

SCHEUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers,
No. 33 W. Main St., Fort Wayne Ind
TELEPHONE—For night call Nos. 175 and 196; for office, No. 28.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters.
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

ELY'S
Cream Balm
Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. IT WILL CURE

A particle is applied into each Nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists, by mail, registered, 60c. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

DR. T. J. DILLS
No. 26 W. Wayne St.,
Makes a Specialty of all Diseases
—OF THE—
Eye and Ear
OFFICE } 9 to 12 a. m. and
HOURS: } 2 to 5 p. m.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

TUESDAY, SEPT 18 1894.

Democratic State Ticket.

Judge of Supreme Court, First District [illegible]
[illegible] Fourth District [illegible]
[illegible] William R. Myers.
[illegible] Albert Gall.
[illegible] Morgan Chandler.
Attorney General—Francis M. Griffith.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—C. W. Welman.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Charles W. Thomas.
State Statistician—Alexander Fulton.
State Geologist—[illegible] Jordan.

Congressional Ticket.

For Congress—W. [illegible]

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator—Thomas E. Ellison.
State Representatives—[illegible] Bostick, George V. Kell, Charles Daymon.
Judge of Superior Court—C. M. Dawson.
Judge of Circuit Court—Edward O'Rourke.
Prosecuting Attorney—N. D. [illegible]
Clerk of Courts—Harry M. Metzger.
Auditor—[illegible]
Recorder—W. A. [illegible]
Treasurer—[illegible]
Sheriff—[illegible]
Coroner—Dr. H. [illegible]
Surveyor—Chas. W. Brandstrator.
Commissioners—J. H. [illegible], M. A. Ferguson, [illegible] Baker.

Wayne Township Ticket.

Trustee—M. F. Schneider.
Assessor—M. F. Walsh.
Justices of the Peace—H. F. Franke, M. H. Ryan, [illegible]
Constables—[illegible]

TONIGHT.

BAPTIST TABERNACLE—Sunday School Entertainment.
ICE CREAM SOCIAL—South Congregational Church, at Home of Mrs. Lehman, 290 Hoagland Avenue.
MASONIC TEMPLE—Miss Blanche Chapman and Company in "Glorians."
TRADES UNIONS—Railway Trainmen; American Railway Union.
LODGES—A. O. U. W. Nos. 2 and 11, D. of H.; Fort Wayne Lodge No 116, K. of P., Pythian Sisters, St. Julian Council, C. B. L.; Fort Wayne Grand Lodge of Perfection. Canton Fort Wayne No. 17, I. O. O. F.

The summer season and the summer weather are retiring together.

The Japanese are proving their superior fighting qualities in a decisive manner.

E. S. Hart was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Eighteenth Ohio district, who adopted a resolution scoring Senator Brice for his course on the tariff.

Col. Breckinridge has concluded that he will not contest the nomination of Mr. Owens for congress in Kentucky. The colonel is wise. He ought to retire to private life without kicking.

William D. Owen, the republican nominee for secretary of state, is still out of the campaign. In a telegram to the state committee he says that he is improving at Battle Creek, Mich., and hopes that by next week he will be able to return to Indiana and take up the work of the campaign.

Editor Harrel, of the Pittsburg News, thus alludes to his editorial contemporaries on the Petersburg Press: "With their dwarfed brain on one side, and befuddled with strong drink on the other, and with hearts filled with venom equal to the crawling and slimiest reptile of Asia, in their blind hatred, they convicted themselves of being notorious liars in the matter."

In an article on "The Pay of Physicians and Surgeons" in the September Forum, Dr. George F. Shrady, editor of "The Medical Record," states that the average annual income of a physician in full practice in a large city may be stated at $2,000 and in the smaller town and strictly rural districts at $1,200. According to his statement, "two or three physicians in New York city make over $100,000 each year; five or six range from $50,000 to $60,000; fifty from $25,000 to $30,000; 150 from $10,000 to $12,000; about 300 from $5,000 to $6,000; 1,500 from $2,000 to $3,000, and the remainder from $800 to $1,000.

Help Business.

Business is visibly helping itself, and it will improve rapidly despite all the calamity howlers and pull-backs and reckless partisans who seem to fear the speedy return to general prosperity in industry and trade. This improved tide cannot now be checked by either political or speculative interest, and every good citizen should do his part manfully to strengthen public confidence and benefit every class and condition of the people.

This country has had a year or more of sore financial and industrial depression. It has not been exceptional in that misfortune. On the contrary, it has been even less unfortunate than most of the countries of Europe. The business and industrial depression that we have felt has prevailed throughout the world, and we are fortunate in having such boundless resources, energy and adaptability as enable us to recover from these business revulsions much quicker than any other civilization of the earth. Long before the nations of Europe shall have recovered from the paralysis that has swept over the country, the United States will be squarely on its feet again and prosperity will be general in every section and in every channel of enterprise.

Let every good citizen help business. The man who howls about business calamity, and who is constantly predicting its long continuance and belittling every advance that is made in the line of improvement, is the enemy of our civilization. There are times when such men can do immeasurable harm, and under all circumstances they must be more or less harmful until they are utterly overwhelmed by the trust and energy of the American people. The way to make them less harmful is simply to spurn them and their gloomy counsels, cast them aside as common enemies and compel them to go to the rear and fall in with the procession that is now advancing toward a period of national prosperity that promises to be one of the soundest and most enduring of modern times.

Let every good citizen help business. It is helping itself bravely, and it will succeed in winning over all the growlers of the age in a very brief period, but it can be greatly accelerated in its beneficent movement by the hearty support of all who are interested in public trust and national prosperity.

REPUBLICAN LAWS

Were the Cause of the Hard Times and Business Depression.

The republican press and leaders for a year past have been busy disseminating among the people the idea that the hard times are due to democratic supremacy. Until the 28th day of August, 1894, the country was operating under republican laws, and therefore so far as the business interests and industries can be or were effected by unjust or unwise laws, the republican party must bear and cannot escape responsibility for the panic and hard times through which we have passed for the past year and a half. Happily they are now over, and right upon the heels of the new tariff law came the signs of renewed activity in all kinds of business, and evidence of returning prosperity among all classes. The republican press tells us that it was the fear of reforming the tariff that caused the depression in business. Strange then that the actual passage of the law did not cause an entire collapse of everything. Did anyone ever hear of a merchant failing from fear that he would not do a better business next year? Did any farmer ever mortgage his farm from fear of a failure of crops next year? Are not mortgages failures and panics always the result of the misfortunes, bad management or extravagance of the past? Does not every sensible man know that financial panics and consequent general depression in trade and industry have their roots in the past, and are the culmination of the many effects of unwise or vicious laws, aided by wasteful extravagance on the part of the nation or the individual? They are never the result of the present, or of fear of the future. As a panic breeder the last billion dollar congress broke all records.

The passage of the new tariff law gave the people confidence and courage. The law reasonably fulfils the promise to inaugurate a system of taxation in accordance with democratic principles. It destroys the vicious system of special privileges so numerously granted and carefully guarded in the McKinley laws, and is a long step in the right direction, in advance of both the Morrison and Mills bills. One hundred and six articles heavily taxed by the McKinley law are placed upon the free list. Among these are lumber, salt, wool, copper, binding twine, tin, bags and bagging, cotton ties, plows, harrows, cultivators, horse rakes, harvesters, reapers, threshing machines and other agricultural implements which were heretofore taxed 45 per cent.

It will also give the people cheaper clothing, cheaper crockery and glassware, cheaper iron and steel, cheaper woolens, cottons and linens. A visit to any of our stores will demonstrate this fact.

We append herewith a statement of the reduction of tariff taxes of some of the important articles of consumption. It will be seen from that how great is the saving to the people.

Reductions exceeding 75 per cent.:

	Per Cent.
Bar iron reduced	76
Steel and wrought iron strips	77
Woolen yarns (valued at 30 cents per pound)	80
Woolen cloths (valued at 30 cents per pound)	78
Woolen shawls	77

Reductions between 50 and 75 per cent. are made on 114 items, among which are the following:

	Per Cent.
Soaps	61
Castor oil	67
Sundry paints and colors	55
Putty, white lead, whiting	50
Galvanized wire rope	55
Tin plates	55-60
Chains	61
Clasp knives	68
Files	59
Pistols and shotguns	55-62
Lead	51
Cotton cloth	50
Cables, cordage, etc.	55
Woolen yarns	62-75
Woolen cloths	50-65
Shawls	55
Knit goods	50-71
Blankets	50-70
Wool hats	60-72
Flannel underwear	60-71
Brussels carpets	51
Wool carpets	51
Druggets, etc.	51
Cotton dress goods	51
Felts	71
Cotton velvets, plushes, etc.	60
Shoe buttons	67

While the tariff has been so largely reduced on the necessaries and comforts of life, it has been increased on whisky, playing cards, mahogany, ebony, precious stones, diamonds and many other luxuries.

Besides, a most just and equitable provision of the new law is a tax of 2 per centum upon all incomes over $4,000 per annum, whereby the wealth of the country will be made to pay a share of national taxes and burdens.

The new tariff law, as President Cleveland recently stated, "presents a vast improvement on existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but furnishes a vantage ground from which we must wage further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and governmental favoritism."

To keep this "vantage ground" it is necessary for every democrat to buckle on his armor for democratic success in the coming election.

The return of a republican congress in the fall elections will be an indorsement by the people of the Gorman-Brice combine.

Flashing in their pearly sheen,
From the glorious coraline,
See those teeth untarnished!
White alike the back and front
Yes, by the fragrant SOZODONT,
May beauty's mouth be garnished!

Remy & Bobilya have sold a house at No. 133 Union street, to William Kellmier, for $1,700.

"Trust Those Who Have Tried."

Catarrh caused hoarseness and difficulty in speaking. I also to a great extent lost hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

I used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit. I believe it a safe and certain cure. Very pleasant to take.—Wm. Frazer, Rochester, N. Y.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

Subscribe for the Sentinel.

[illegible] the Mosquitoes.

At Willett's Point on the westerly point of Long Island the evening parade of the United States soldiers had to be given up on account of the attacks of armies of mosquitoes. The soldiers could not observe strict discipline because they had to constantly slap at the blood sucking insects.

The mosquito pest along the Atlantic coast appears to grow worse instead of better. Some of the most beautiful and costly villas in New Jersey have had to be abandoned because of it. When last summer some fine thoroughbred horses were imported from England, the mosquitoes seriously affected their health at first. The little wretches will sting a weary bird to death in one night. It is necessary in all cases to put screens at the windows of stables where horses are kept. Year by year the population of summer pleasure seekers at the seaside resorts along the shore of New Jersey and Long Island grows larger. It comes from all parts of the United States. Year by year the mosquito population seems to grow bigger and fiercer to match. The all devouring plague now haunts localities where it was almost unknown 10 years ago.

It is plain that something must be done, or portions of our eastern coast will be uninhabitable by all save a few tough skinned individuals who could hardly feel the prod of a carving fork. The mosquitoes breed in the vegetation of the salt marshes. If these marshes could be drained and turned into high and dry land, the nuisance would be abated. But that cannot be done successfully in less than half a century, if then.

Meantime the mosquitoes are eating everybody up. What shall be done? It is a question to be answered by our agricultural experiment stations and our government entomological department. The entomologists have rid a country of the potato bug, the grape pest and the white scale insect. If they take seriously in hand the matter of relieving the land of the mosquito pest, undoubtedly they will be successful. No matter how strong or numerous an insect is, it has its enemies that prey upon it. That is nature's way of keeping it from devastating the earth. There is a well known mosquito eater. It is the dragon fly. Will not the entomologists find out how to cultivate the dragon fly or some other fly that kills the mosquito and let it loose by the billion among the salt marshes of the Atlantic coast?

Viva la Republique!

Twenty-four years ago the 4th of this September the French republic was proclaimed amid tears, misgivings and almost despair. None knew even whether France would be left longer as an independent power. Two days before on Sept. 2, 1870, Napoleon III had surrendered to the king of Prussia at Sedan. In the midst of cloud, storm and darkness the infant republic was born and cradled upon the waves of war.

Storms have rocked it ever since, yet now the beautiful republic has lasted to within one year of a quarter of a century. The anarchists that hovered like evil birds over its childhood could not kill it. Boulanger tried to ride over French liberty as the picturesque man on horseback and dictator, and he met a miserable death by self murder. The Panama canal scandal could not shake the republic. Its greatest, best beloved president was assassinated, and France still mourns, but the glorious republic lives on. It is not yet as free as ours, but the cause of civil and religious liberty has been marching forward with steady step for 20 years. The French are notably freer now than they were in 1874.

One of the brightest promises for the perpetuity of free France is the indication that after all these years the bitter hatred between France and Germany may be extinguished. For the future of our sister in Europe there is bright hope. This September we send our best hopes for her welfare across the sea to her and shout with her, "Viva la republique!"

The Conservative papers of Great Britain belittle as a pitiable affair the demonstration in Hyde park, London, of the National League For the Abolition of the House of Lords. They say there were "only" 10,000 persons present, and that they looked very small and weak scattered as they were among the 12 speakers' platforms. But the Conservative papers that make light of this demonstration forget it is a tremendous thing that there should be such a meeting and such a league at all. When one thinks back and recalls what would have been the status in old feudal days of the very people who now compose that league, the distance the common people have traveled in Great Britain will be appreciated. From the swineherd over whom his lord possessed power even of life and death the untitled citizen of England has reached the point where he dares to protest publicly against the right of the hereditary lord to make the laws governing him. In no reign previous to Victoria's would such a gathering have been possible. It would have been almost high treason to suggest such a thing. As to the noble lords, for them this movement is the handwriting upon the wall. The twentieth century will doubtless look down upon British lords still, but they will no more be hereditary lawmakers.

Two Brooklyn burglars lately got an object lesson in robbing drug stores. They were trying to get into one through the fanlight over the front door. The druggist slept in the rear of the room and heard them. He is a small man, but he can think at the rate of about a million vibrations in a second. He slid noiselessly to his big ammonia bottle and poured out a glassful. Then he dodged to one side and waited developments. The burglars were two—a little one and a big one. The big one lifted the little one upon his shoulders so that he could crawl through. He got in, then helped the other down. The little one was in front as they approached the counter behind which the druggist who had presence of mind was concealed. The man of medicines dashed a wineglassful of ammonia into the face of the small burglar. He howled and dropped. The other bent over him to see what was the matter. He got a glassful in the neck. He jumped through the glass of the front door, yelling like a wild beast. A policeman came up at that moment and caught the other one.

A Victim of Avarice.

In 1812 a teacher of languages in Berlin died literally of hunger. He had been in the habit of giving lessons in the daytime and begging at night. After his death a sum of money equal to about 100,000 francs was found concealed in his room. He had for his heir a brother, whom he had refused to see for the space of 27 years because he had written to him a letter without paying the postage.—Tesoretto.

THINK OF THIS.

Are You Entirely Contented With Yourself?

There Is Good Reason for Your Present Condition.

You Can Better It If You Want To, And Very Easily.

There is nothing which keeps people down so much as poor health. If the nerves are weak, if the stomach, liver, bowels or kidneys fail to do their work properly or for any reason they feel badly they must do something to get well.

Don't wait and learn by bitter experience how dangerous it is to trifle with disease. Read the peculiarly sad experience of Mrs. Reliance T. Henry, of 21 Ashley Street, West Indianapolis, Ind., and her wonderful recovery:

"Several years ago I was afflicted with catarrh, female weakness and nervousness. I could not sleep nights and was in a fearful condition. My limbs would draw and I would be like ice. I could not lie still a moment and was a wreck. I had no appetite and what little food I ate distressed me.

"I was growing very thin and losing all the color in my face. I came to the conclusion I was going to die. I doctored with the most eminent physicians but received no benefit and was terribly discouraged. I heard of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and the wonderful good it was doing and decided to try it.

MRS. RELIANCE T. HENRY.

"In a short time I began to improve. I used three bottles and could then sleep well, my appetite was good, my food digested all right and my nerves were strong. I was entirely cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"A friend of mine, Mrs. T. M. Dolan, has also been greatly benefited by this medicine, she says she could not do her own work without it. Another friend, Mrs Thomas Damon, living on the same street with us, has been wonderfully benefited by it. I advise everyone to use this medicine, its effects on the system are marvelous."

The one medicine in the world which will cure you and make you strong and vigorous is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is used and prescribed by physicians everywhere and acknowledged by them to be the best, surest and safest remedy in existence.

Use it and you will be made well. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th street, New York, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

A NEW NAUTICAL VOCABULARY.

Additions Made by Young Women From "Fresh Water" Regions.

The yachtsman's vocabulary is a language in itself, and the landsman often runs afoul of it. He doesn't see why one rope should be called a sheet, another a halyard, a third a downhaul and a fourth a clewline. One boat owner, whose hospitable deck is trodden by many of his friends, has modified his terms to conform with the suggestions or mistakes of his guests who are not expert sailors.

For instance, one landlubber who had gone below for a drink of water was asked what he had done with the cup.

"I hung it on the post," he said innocently.

Every one roared at the idea that he could be so "green" as not to know what the mast was called, but on that yacht the mast is now known as "the post."

A pretty girl from a "fresh water" district was responsible for another nautical word. The strips of canvas used in tying up the sails are called stops. Some one wanted the stops and could not find them for the instant.

"What are you looking for?" asked the young woman.

"I am looking for the stops. They were here a little while ago."

"The stops? Oh, you mean the tapes. They're under this rug."

And now the sails are bound with "tapes."

Another young woman from an interior state had read enough nautical stories to have caught a few phrases here and there. For one thing, she knew that "hard tack" was a staple article of diet at sea. On a visit to the cat this damsel went sailing. She was anxious to learn, and when she heard the man at the wheel say "hard a lee" she asked some questions and found out what it meant.

A little later the clergyman said the yacht was going about. Some of the guests were paying no attention and seemed in danger of being struck by the boom as it swept over to the other side of the yacht.

"Hard tack! hard tack!" cried out the young woman excitedly.

All managed to duck their heads in time to escape the spar if they didn't know what the maiden meant by "hard tack," and another joke was added to the yacht's store of them.—New York Tribune.

KAISER'S COURT AGOG.

An Anonymous Letter Writer Assails Reputations.

SLY SLANDERS AND INNUENDOES.

Mysterious Missives That Have Blighted the Aspirations and Disturbed the Peace of Diplomatists, Statesmen, Soldiers and Court Beauties.

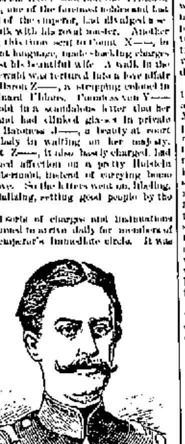
Berlin was startled some few weeks ago on hearing that the kaiser's chief master of ceremonies, Baron von Kotze, had been placed under arrest in the military prison in Lindenstrasse. The local papers hinted at it mysteriously with fragmentary and garbled reports. It was the chief topic for discussion in hotels, cafes and street corners. Indiscriminate gossiping followed the mere mention of Kotze's name, and the very air became pregnant with scandal.

There are several women in it, of course—fine ladies, with high heels and gold laced gaiters. How do I know this? asks the Berlin correspondent of the New York Journal. It is an open secret now, and much more which may not be mentioned here.

Herr Baron von Kotze is captain in the kaiser's guard and chief master of ceremonies in William's household. He is a scion of an old family and a man of commanding presence. For more than eight months past high gentlemen and noble ladies in the immediate entourage of the emperor have received anonymous letters almost daily, in prose and verse, intimating certain charges against some one nearest and dearest to the recipient.

Thus one letter said that the Prince of H——, one of the foremost nobles and last friend of the emperor, had divulged a secret talk with his royal master. Another letter, this time sent to Count X——, in flippant language, made shocking charges against his beautiful wife. A walk in the Grunewald was tortured into a love affair with Baron Z——, a strapping colonel in the Guard Uhlans. Countess von Y—— was told in a scandalous letter that her husband had clinked glasses in private with Baroness J——, a beauty at court and lady in waiting on her majesty. Count Z——, it also basely charged, had lavished affection on a pretty Holstein chambermaid, instead of carrying home his love. So the letters went on, libeling, scandalizing, setting good people by the ears.

All sorts of charges and insinuations continued to arrive daily for members of the emperor's immediate circle. It was



BARON VON KOTZE.

reported, for instance, that Count X—— had petitioned the emperor for a transfer to another post on account of the charges in the scandalous letters. The interview between the emperor and the count, it was given out, had been overheard by the Princess of Pless, who could not keep the secret, and in turn gave it away to other ladies of the court circle. Count X——'s persecutions were not to end even there. Another disgraceful letter made the disgusting charge that his wife, whose beauty is almost incomparable at this court, had been in the habit of posing in undress condition before a select number of intimate friends, not always particular about the sex.

The chambermaids also had got into the secrets of the anonymous letters, as chambermaids usually do, and from these to the lackeys it traveled on and down to the pages and porters, increasing in volume and color.

Count X—— had already sent his seconds with a peremptory challenge to Baron von Kotze, but was prevented by the prompt intervention of the emperor.

Meanwhile these defamatory letters continued to increase, some of them directly attacking the Princess of A——, a beauty in her day, but now rather passee. She was reported to have spread stories reflecting on the princess and a foreign ambassador accredited to this court, report says Count B—— of Italy—a most delicate and ticklish story. By this indirect reflection was cast on the emperor's own family and might have thrown two countries into an unfortunate war.

Then, again, and perhaps worst of all, a vile letter came infamously charging that the emperor's own and infallible General von C—— had been looking deep into the affection of one of the empress' own ladies in waiting. Another letter kindly informed the husband of the latter that his wife had spent many agreeable hours on the bespangled bosom of the gallant general, or vice versa, which amounts to the same thing.

Like burning lava, all this had been boiling quietly since last January, and the police were unable to pierce the mystery. Many diplomatic changes had been made both startling to the principals and surprising to the public. Even the president of East Prussia and until recently grand master of the imperial court and household, Prince Stolberg, than whom there is not a higher noble in the German list, had resigned, it was said, on account of certain political manipulations both questionable and disgraceful.

Finally Baron von Kotze was arrested; but, strangely enough, even during the baron's incarceration, the fatal letters continued to arrive in the imperial camp with undiminished regularity. The baron was acquitted after a secret trial and has retired permanently from politics, thoroughly disgusted with the vicissitudes of life at court.

Meanwhile the search for the mysterious ripper of reputations continues and seems to be as far from success as ever. While no two agree on the same theory, everybody has made up his mind "there's a woman in the case."

A BRILLIANT ADVOCATE

Joseph H. Choate's Position at the Bar and in Politics.

[Special Correspondence.]

New York, Sept. 10.—Joseph H. Choate is not esteemed the leader of the New York bar, that honor having been by common consent bestowed upon James C. Carter. Mr. Choate, however, is spoken of as the greatest advocate at the New York bar, and it is the opinion of lawyers that he has equal rank with the most brilliant of nisi prius and jury lawyers who have ever gained the highest honors in this country.

If the gossip of Mr. Choate's fellow lawyers is founded upon truth, then he has already gained the prize which his ambition set before him when, a young lawyer, he came to New York nearly 40 years ago. He is then reported to have said that he would rather be esteemed the leading advocate of the American bar than to gain the presidency of the United States.

Of late in New York state much has been heard about the possible nomination of Mr. Choate for the governorship of the state, and this is somewhat surprising, since it had been supposed that Mr. Choate never had any political ambition. It was said by his friends that if he were to be nominated and elected by a considerable majority then his party in this state would be likely to urge upon the national convention in 1896 his nomination for the presidency.

While the political [illegible] of this [illegible] were interesting many politicians Mr. Choate was busy with labors connected with a very exalted post to which he was chosen last spring—that of the presidency of the convention which is engaged in framing a new constitution for the state of New York.

Many lawyers would regard such an honor as that as a sufficient recognition of preeminent ability, and Mr. Choate's friends say that he, too, is content with it. In that body Mr. Choate has frequently revealed to the delegates those fascinating qualities of oratory which far more than his legal abilities have made him conspicuous above almost all other lawyers of New York.

A generation ago the oratory of the bar was of the perfervid kind, or else the lawyers were elaborate in their display of learning and in their mastery of rhetoric and elocution. Some of them even imitated

JOSEPH H. CHOATE.

the methods of William Pinkney, once famous, now forgotten. Mr. Pinkney was in the habit of writing out and committing to memory his speeches to the supreme court and even practicing his gestures before a full length mirror. In his time his speeches were pronounced marvelous, and lawyers used to travel a great distance that they might hear him.

Today such oratory as that would be thought artificial, and it would bore a jury and would be likely to weary a judge. Mr. Conkling and Bob Ingersoll were plain spoken, simple and without especial rhetorical flourish when speaking either to the court or the jury. This conversational style of oratory has been brought to its highest charm by Mr. Choate. He seems to have studied very closely the methods of Wendell Phillips, who was the first to break away from oratorical traditions and to speak upon the platform in such way as to suggest to each hearer that the words were addressed to him personally. It is a manner of public speaking which is most effective when it is done with the highest art, and, on the other hand, it is the most painful kind of speaking when it is done without art.

So perfect is Mr. Choate's command of this manner of public speaking that the courtrooms in New York are always packed when public announcement has been made of his appearance as counsel in a case. Standing before the judge or the jury, Mr. Choate is quite apt to thrust one hand in one of his trousers pockets or else to twirl gently with the other the charm upon his watch chain. He may even place one foot upon the rung of a chair. He begins to speak precisely apparently as he would do if he were engaged in private conversation with an acquaintance or one of the jury. By and by the judge, the jury, the great throng in the courtroom, begin to realize that the wonderful charm of his voice, that the easy familiarities of speech, that the quiet tones, the wit, are all controlled by an art which is invisible, but whose effect is most potent in the making of eloquent speech.

While he does not hesitate to say don't, even sometimes to drop the g from the end of the syllable ing, as Yankees are said to be fond of doing, nevertheless the wonderful fascination of his rhythmic sentences, his pure diction, sentence after sentence being spoken in the tongue of Shakespeare and the English Bible, reveal the fact that it is a master mind, and a masterly trained mind, that is thus occupied in the attempt to convince the court and jury. It is not until his speech is ended, perhaps some hours thereafter, that men realize the full beauty of it, and it is then they say to one another, "Ah, you should have heard Choate's address to the jury yesterday!"

If Mr. Choate should ever enter a high public office, whatever power he may exercise he might reveal, it is certain that his addresses, his public papers and his appearance upon ceremonial occasions would be sure to create perhaps more interest than any other person now in private life could by speech or writing secure.

E. J. EDWARDS.

The Goddess of Smallpox.

A striking account of the difficulties attending on the attempt to extend the practice of vaccination in India is given by Surgeon General Sir William Moore. The chief obstacle is superstitious prejudice. The population firmly believe variola to be matter under the control of the goddess "Mata," in whose honor temples abound and fairs are held, where thousands of women and children attend with offerings. The declivities of most of the numerous conical hills present either a reddened stone or temple devoted to "Mata," with most probably an attendant Brahman priest.

Nearly every village has its goddess of smallpox in the immediate locality, and in many places a large piece of ground is esteemed holy and dedicated to "Mata." The people do not pray to escape the affection, unless in seasons when it occurs with more than ordinary virulence. They do, however, petition for a mild visitation, but even the loss of an eye does not appear to be viewed as a very serious calamity.

"Is there not another eye sufficient for all purposes?" questioned one of these stoical philosophers. "If it were the leg or hand, it would be different, but an eye is immaterial."—Notes and Queries.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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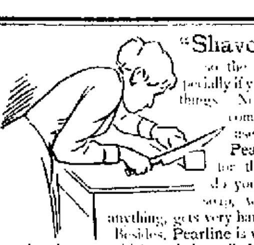

"Shave your Soap" so the soap makers say, especially if you're washing delicate things. Now, in the name of common sense, what's the use? When you can get Pearline, in powder form for this very reason, why do you want to work over soap, which, if it's good for anything, gets very hard and difficult to cut. Besides, Pearline is vastly better than any powdered soap could be. It has all the good properties of any soap and many more, too. There's something in it that does the work easily, but without harm—much more easily than any other way yet known.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE, New York.

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YACHTING HISTORY

THE SPORT ORIGINATED IN THE REIGN OF CHARLES II.

The English Sovereign Owned Several Racers—Peter the Great Was Also a Yachtsman—Father of American Yachting.

"YACHTING," the latest work in the Badminton series, contains a history of the sport in England and in this country.

A yacht is defined by Worcester as "a small ship or vessel of state, usually employed to convey princes, ambassadors or other great personages from one kingdom to another." This is antiquated, but remains to a certain extent true. The yachts we hear most about belong to the Prince of Wales and George Gould.

Yachts are heard of very early in English history. In 1604 Phineas Pett designed a yacht for Henry Prince of Wales. Henry was one of the few virtuous persons who have borne that title, and died early. The vessels in which Drake and Hawkins went out to plunder on the Spanish main were practically yachts on account of their size and swiftness.

As a sport, yachting began in the reign of Charles II. His idea of Paradise was probably a Mahometan one, but he had considerable liking for aquatic pleasures. He won the first reported yacht race on the Thames, over the course of the Royal Thames Yacht club, for a wager of 100 guineas.

Mr. Samuel Pepys, about this time, writes in his diary:

"Jan. 13, 1660-1661, Lord's day.—To the Globe for dinner, then to Commissioner Pett to his lodgings there, which he hath for the present while he is building the king's yacht, which will be a very pretty thing and much beyond the Dutchman's.

"Oct. 1, 1661.—Between Charles II. and his brother, the duke of York, for 100 guineas, sailing match from Greenwich to Gravesend and back. The king won.

"September, 1662.—By water to Woolwich; on my way saw the yacht lately built by our virtuosoes. My Lord Brunkard and others, with the help of Commissioner Pett also, set out from Greenwich with the little Dutch Bevan to try for mastery, and before they got to Woolwich the Dutch beat them half a mile. And I hear this afternoon that in coming home it got above three miles, which all our people were glad of."

Peter the Great of Russia, who studied ship-building in England, was devoted to yachting.

The oldest yacht club is the Water club of Cork, established in 1720.

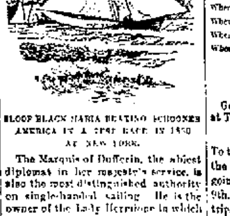
The Royal George, a yacht built for George III. in 1811, still exists in Portsmouth harbor. She was rigged as a ship and was 103 feet in length between perpendiculars. This yacht has the appearance of a diminutive man-of-war of the period.

In 1842 the Victoria and Albert, a new steam yacht built for Queen Victoria and the prince consort, was launched. She was 200 feet in length and had a speed of eleven knots. This was one of the earliest of steam yachts. There is now a fleet of four royal yachts.

The Royal Yacht Squadron, the greatest of British yachting organizations, was established in 1812. Its club house is an old building, a portion of Cowes castle, built by Henry VIII. The Royal Yacht Squadron has many privileges, including that of flying the white ensign, which is otherwise confined to men-of-war.

In 1857 the squadron gave a cup to be sailed for, which was won by the America, belonging to Commodore Stevens of the New York Yacht club. It was then called the Queen's cup, but during its long residence here it has come to be known as the America's cup.

Luggers enjoyed great popularity about this time. Yachts were then built rather for comfort and ocean cruising than for speed. The latter at any rate was a secondary object. In 1874 Lord Brassey's Sunbeam marked the introduction of auxiliary steam yachts.



SLOOP BLACK MARIA BEATING SCHOONER AMERICA IN A TRIAL RACE IN 1850 AT NEW YORK.

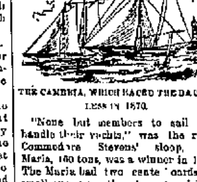
The Marquis of Dufferin, the ablest diplomat in her majesty's service, is also the most distinguished authority on single-handed sailing. He is the owner of the Lady Hermione in which he has done much ocean cruising, supplying captain and crew in his own person. She is yacht-rigged, 21 feet 9 inches long and has a registered tonnage of four tons. She is built with solid steel frames, galvanized so as to resist the corrosive action of sea water, and is sheathed with Indian teak and coppered. She is divided into water tight compartments and is virtually uncapsizable. There is probably no handier boat of her size afloat.

Here are some remarks by Lord Dufferin on the subject of single-handed sailing: "Probably the proudest moment in the life of any one who loves the sea, not even excepting the analogous epoch of his marriage morning, is the one in which he weighs anchor for the first time on board his own vessel. It is true that from the first hour he could call her his own his existence has been a dream of delight, unless perhaps for the passing shadow cast by the cloud of the check he has been required to draw for her payment. As soon as she has come into his possession, her ungainly naked hulk, as she lies upon the mud, assumes divine proportions; and as by slow degrees her toilet proceeds, her decks whiten, her masts assume a golden hue and clothe themselves with sail and rigging, his happiness becomes complete."

In his chapter on yachting in America Mr. Lewis Herreshoff calls John C. Stevens, the elder of three brothers of the well-known Hoboken family, the father of yachting. The Stevenses used their own boats to cross the Hudson to New York and became much interested in the building and improvement of them.

John C. Stevens had the Diver built in 1809, and in 1816 the Trouble, a pirogue, fifty-six feet long, with two masts.

In 1844 the Gimcrack schooner was built for Mr. Stevens. She had a fixed centerboard of heavy plate iron, much like the pin-keel of to-day. The New York club was born, so to speak, in the cabin of the Gimcrack on July 30, 1844, at 5:30 p. m.



THE CAMBRIA, WHICH RACED THE DAUNTLESS IN 1870.

"None but members to sail and handle their yachts," was the rule. Commodore Stevens' sloop, the Maria, 160 tons, was a winner in 1845. The Maria had two centerboards, a small one near the stern to aid in steering, and a large board, twenty-four feet long, in the usual position.

The Maria, under favorable conditions sailed three times round the America in a short distance, before the latter went on her famous voyage to England. The Maria was afterwards engaged in the fruit trade and was lost with all on board.

The Puritan, built in 1885 to defend the American cup against the Genesta, marked the introduction of the compromise model in this country and the abandonment of the old wide, flat model. The Gloriana, by Herreshoff, with a length over all of 70 feet and on the water of only 35 feet 3 inches, was the next startling departure.

The centreboard is apparently of American invention, and was used for small boats in the shallow waters about New York in early colonial days. One of the first centreboard yachts was built in Boston for Lord Percy, a British officer in the Revolutionary war, and at the time extensively copied in England.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney and Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Early Organs.

The first organ built in America was made by Andrew Krauss of Kraussdale, Lower Milford township, Lehigh county, Pa., with the assistance of his brother John. This was in 1790, and Andrew was then only 19 years of age. The instrument proved a success. In 1796 he made the first church organ, which is still in use in Longswamp church.

Stranger—Do you belong to this city? Denizen—No, Oi don't; the city belongs to me. Oi'm a member of the foorce.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Jno. F. Miles of Palmer, Kan., says: "I felt tired and dizzy, my liver was in a bad condition, and for two years, had a sore on my leg, which would not heal. After taking fifteen small bottles of S. S. S. there is not a sore on my body, and I have not a trace of it on me. I have not had any return of the trouble, which had lasted for over two years, and I have had no sore since, and it is now two years since I was cured."

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

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WANTED—Good girl for general house work, 411 East Wayne street. 23-tf

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WANTED—A few men out of employment to call at room 2, second floor, Rosebrock. 17-tf

WANTED—Good girl for general house work. References required. 2 Holly 124 Wells street. 12-tf

WANTED—Washing, ironing and housecleaning or other work suitable for a woman to do. Address Mrs. Elizabeth Hayes, 56 Old Hayden street.

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WANTED—Persons having money to loan to place it with us. We have very opportunities to loan on improved property without risk to the lender. We also want five thousand dollars to loan on dwellings and business property. Call and see us. Rudd-Bass Insurance Company. We also have for sale desirable residence property and vacant lots. Call and see us if you have money to loan or property to sell or want to purchase property or get fire insurance.

SCHRADER & WILSON, 1st floor, No. 7 Court St.

OHIO MILITARY INSTITUTE. Sixth Class before Christmas. Unsurpassed Equipment. Healthy Surroundings. A Home Force, College Prep. Classical.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms at 79 Clinton street. Near Lewis. 22-tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board, also day board at reasonable rates, 90 W. Washington St. 11-tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling No. 31 East Berry street, all modern improvements. Inquire at 140 East Berry. 22-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, two front windows, 1 Calhoun street. Inquire at E. Washington street.

FOR RENT—A furnished room, or front room, good location. Inquire at Lehman Bank and Store, 81 Calhoun St. 21-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms to a gentleman only. All modern conveniences. Rent reasonable. 16 East Washington street. 8-tf

FOR RENT—A seven-room cottage also furnished; pantry, cellar, cistern and well near a desirable boarding house. Terms reasonable. Inquire 55 W. Jefferson St. 12-tf

FOR RENT—A southeast corner room on west side of Calhoun St., front and transom lighted by electric light, square break. Elegant location for barber shop. Address Sentinel.

FOR RENT—House with 10 rooms and modern conveniences, hot and cold water, gas fixtures, bath room and large barn at No. 17 Wayne St. Inquire at Morris, Hoffman Harper's office. 15-tf

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms, centrally located, being only 20 minutes walk to Court house; water and gas in same; suitable for man and wife for light housekeeping. 177 Griffith street. 16-tf

FOR RENT—In a desirable locality, a good house containing five rooms, all modern improvements and in good order. Will be vacant about June 1st. Inquire of Dr. Bland, at the Manz, 120½ Broadway. 15-tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Or trade for other property of free value in this city, drug stock, gone building with two lots attached, and the residence near the store building; both properties are supplied with city water and natural gas. The location is the best in the eastern part of the city. Call or address 32 Hoffman avenue. 20-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—By the Fort Wayne Land and Improvement Co., a six room cottage, rent $12.50 per month; or will sell on monthly payments of $10 per month. House is situated in Lakeside, three blocks east from bridge. Apply at office of the Land and Improvement Co., Room No. 22, Fitzley & Long Block.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

Twenty-five houses and lots for sale or trade on farms; also one 40 acre farm for sale or exchange for city property, and one 95 acre farm, and two 80 acre farms, and one 70 acre farm, and three 60 acre farm, and one 120 acre farm, and one 35 acre farm, and one 40 acre farm, and one ten acre tracts also cheap as low as the lowest. For particulars call on Kortmeyer & Co., or Dr. Blackmore's office 33 Calhoun St., up stairs.

LOST.

LOST—A small black purse containing $10 on Pettiway afternoon between Fort and Williamson Calhoun street. If found please return to 46 W. Williams street and receive a reward.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE formerly at No. 39 W. Washington St. has moved to No. 22 Calhoun St., where business or in need of help can find it. Also wishing employment will be waited upon by Agnes Laidlaw, successor to E. J. Maxwell. 15-tf

LOUIS F. GUIDES,

Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block.

Farms for sale, or trade for city property. Building lots in all parts of the city, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $600 to $10,000, select, choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

HUMANE COUNTY NOTICE.

All parties having knowledge of acts of cruelty to animals or children, will please favor the undersigned, of the Fort Wayne Humane Society by telephoning or writing such information as Office Sentinel, 68 Clinton street. Telephone 278. K.

G. W. BRUNS & CO.

PLUMBERS.

Agents for the Geneva Self-Heating or Folding Bath Tub.

128 CALHOUN STREET.

D. D. WEISELL & SON

DENTISTS

LAST CHANCE!

FIXLEY & LONG BLOCK

B. KRAMER,

SIGN - PAINTER

90 E. MAIN STREET.

Finest and Best Work. Cheapest place in the city.

NEW LIFE

Before Taken After Taking

NO. 2. A SURE CURE FOR MEN. Guaranteed to cure Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Lost Power, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lost Desire, Lost Power, Lost Power of the Reproductive Organs in either sex, caused by excess, tobacco, opium or liquor. Prevents premature old age and insanity. Which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, $1 a box, six for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sample for trial, postpaid, sealed, plain wrapper, 25 cents. Full Treatise on Nervous Diseases, with full description of the remedy, sent free by mail.

Gross & Fellows, sole agents, 91 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind.

HARD TO TELL.

Tom—Hello George, you look dull. I.

George—Just came from the dog show—took the first prize.

Tom—You or the dog?

RAILWAYS AND SHOPS.

Business Improving, Though the Usual News is Wanting.

Accidents, Incidents and Personal Gossip of the Officers, Shops and Roads.

Nickel Plate Fireman Weisel is off duty on account of sickness.

W. G. Ainweiler, of the Wabash boiler shop, is sick and off duty.

Over 200 car loads of Anthracite coal passed over the Wabash yesterday.

The Wabash has decided to run an excursion to Indianapolis on McKinley day.

Trainmaster S. K. Blair, of the Nickel Plate, went to Chicago on No 3 yesterday.

Engineer Cook, of the Nickel Plate, who was on the sick list, has resumed his duties.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois directory has declared a 1½ per cent. dividend, payable October 1.

Chief Train Dispatcher Will Tigar joined the city officials in the junketing tour to Buffalo this morning.

Vice President James McCrea, of the Pennsylvania, is in Indianapolis, looking after the company's tax cases.

A. Reifsnyder, the Pittsburg yardmaster, and family have returned from a three weeks visit through the east.

Engineer P. Keegan returned from Petoskey last night and this morning took his run out on the Pittsburg.

President Ashley and General Manager Hays, of the Wabash, spent last week in inspecting the company's property.

Charles Sweeney, night yard engineer of the Pittsburg, will resume work tonight. He has been sick for several days.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy will follow the example of the Pennsylvania and put a number of compartment cars on its line.

The Pittsburg pay car left for the west this morning. The train was in charge of Conductor M. J. Friedrille and Engineer John Peason, with engine 218.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul has declared a 2 per cent. dividend on its common stock and a 3½ per cent. dividend on its preferred stock.

S. J. Cramer, a Nickel Plate brakeman, was taken suddenly and seriously ill while out on his run yesterday. He had to leave the train and return home.

G. J. Hosler and D. Cox are sick and off duty. F. H. Wonlery and W. Greenalder, who were sick, have returned to their duties. All are Nickel Plate brakemen.

Fireman Kohlbach has resumed his run on the Nickel Plate after a short wedding tour. He and his bride have established themselves at housekeeping at 74 Boone street.

No 45, the westbound Wabash train, yesterday morning had so many passengers that the conductor had to seat a part of them in the dining car. The chair cars were full.

Labor rates, Chicago to New Orleans, are rapidly decreasing. The Illinois Central first made a cut, then other lines did likewise and now the fare between the points is only $11 50.

Logansport Reporter: "The report published a few days ago that W. S. Lincoln had resigned his position as chief engineer of the Wabash proves to be erroneous. He has not resigned nor does he intend so doing."

Louis F. Shrove, of No 86 Lewis street, a car carpenter for the Pennsylvania company, had the index finger of his right hand cut off yesterday while coupling the air hose of passenger cars. Dr. George C Siemon attended him.

W. A. Bowden, operator in the Nickel Plate yardmaster's office, has been transferred to Trainmaster S. K. Blair's office to work during the illness of Clarence Kerr. H. G. Hanchett, of McComb, Ohio, is doing the work in the yard office.

One of the greatest of modern enterprises is the Trans Siberian railroad, in course of construction by the Russian government. This road is to be 5,700 miles in length and will cost $150,000,000. It will be completed in six years if no unexpected delay occurs.

The Chicago railway yards are almost hopelessly blocked with cars loaded with grain. The blockade is the worst ever experienced, though the traffic of the roads is below what it has been in some previous years. The elevators are all full of the grain and consignees are forcing the railways to allow them the use of cars for storage purposes.

Philip Tremmel, ex Pittsburg passenger conductor, who moved to Ashley a short time ago, has returned to this city and will probably remain here.

Manager Grim, of the Standard Wheel works, is preparing to set six more spoke lathes in operation. This will give employment to a dozen more men.

Louis F. Friedly, a freight handler at the Wabash freight house, fell between the platform and a car last night and severely sprained one of his ankles. He will be unable to work for several days.

The explosion of an injector pipe, on Pittsburg engine No 88, at Huron street this morning, caused considerable excitement in that neighborhood for a few moments. No one was injured.

Dispatcher Clarence Kerr passed a very restless night and is not so well this morning. He is suffering with malarial fever, but his physician, Dr. J. M. Dineen, thinks he will soon recover.

J. E. Noble, traveling representative of the Base works, went to Chicago this morning, where he will look over the plans and specifications for a 7,000 horse power steam plant and put in a bid for the company.

E. E. Wells, Wabash trainmaster, was in the city this morning. Last Sunday Mr. Wells visited ex Trainmaster C. F. Sisler, at Toledo, who is suffering with paralysis, and reports that gentleman making rapid progress towards recovery.

Advices from Washington have caused western freight men some anxiety, as they indicate that the interstate commerce commission will take some action relative to the alleged payment of rebates by the Santa Fe. If the investigation begins they fear it will reach to other roads, some Indiana lines not being exempt in this particular.

John C. Pulhamus, Pittsburg fireman has taken advantage of a forced idleness, caused by a lame hand, to visit friends in Cleveland, Ohio. Yesterday Dr. Wagner, the company's medical examiner, removed a splinter from Mr. Pulhamus' hand which had been imbedded in the flesh for two years and never caused him any pain until a week ago.

The stockholders of the Toledo, St Louis and Kansas City Railroad company have elected the following directors: S H Calloway, of Toledo; Joseph S Stout, S H. Kneeland, of New York, and Samuel K. Wilson, of Trenton, N. J., to serve for three years; James B Laidlaw, of New York, for two years, and J. O. Osgood, of New York, for one year. Messrs. Wilson and Laidlaw are new members.

A petition for letters testamentary filed in the probate court at Chicago in the estate of John Newell today contains the closest estimates of the property of the late president of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad that has yet been made public. It places the value of the real property at $100,000 and the personal estate is estimated to be worth $150,000. Judge Kohlsaat has granted the petition for a writ of dedimus, by virtue of which the will can be taken to New York to be proved.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Home Seekers' Excursions.

One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 14th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

TRAIN HELD UP

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

town in Van Buren and Davis and in the border counties of Iowa, by their frequent raids across the border, and was a fitting place for bandits to do their work, as hiding places are easy of access. The inhabitants of the section, however, are a sturdy, honest, agricultural class, who have no sympathy with crime or criminals.

TWO OF THE BANDITS AUTHORIZED.

KEOKUK, Ia, Sept. 18—Five farmers, living three miles north of Athelstan, Mo, are the men who held up the Santa Fe at Gorin, Mo, fifty miles west of here last night. Two of the men were captured at Memphis, Mo, this morning, one being shot six times with a Winchester. He cannot live. The names of the captured men are: Charles Abrams and Lincoln Overfield, the former being the one so badly wounded.

PASSENGERS EARLY DISMISSED.

KANSAS CITY, Sept 18—When the daylight train reached this city the Kansas City passengers were not loathe to leave it after their night of suspense. Several of them, as they expressed themselves to an Associated Press reporter, passed the worst night of their lives and for a time thought it would be their last. All the detectives who engaged in the fight stepped off at the scene of the robbery to chase the robbers and the train hands continued east. But little could be learned from them. F. H. Wilson, Pullman car conductor, had time to talk a few minutes, however, before proceeding west.

THE FOREMAN'S STORY.

George Blue, one of the conductors of the train in his official report made after reaching Kansas City, says: "I was in the rear part of the train when I heard the engineer answer the flagman's signal. The train soon came to a standstill and in a few minutes I heard gun shots. I hurried back and sent out my flagman to protect the rear end of the train. By the time this was done firing began. When I reached the ground I saw three men by the side of the express car. One man fell to the ground and I supposed he was shot. Whether or not he was able to get up or was carried away by his pals I do not know. The other two men went is under the express car and escaped to the south. They did not get away immediately, however, for they were surrounded by the guards, who began shooting rapidly. On either side of the track there is a dense timber and the robbers had only to run a few feet to get under cover. I found that William Prescott was shot in the right shoulder and I only remained a few minutes when I pulled the train into the station, so as to have his wound looked after. On board the train was one of the company's surgeons, Dr C. J. Cruikshank, of New Mexico. I called him and he did what he could for Prescott. Engineer Prescott told me he was flagged by a red lantern and it coming in so near the station and there being a curve just ahead of him, he supposed there was a train at the station and the track was not clear, and that the man was one of the flagmen. But when he stopped and the bandits were getting on his engine and he realized their business he called to them to keep off. Without more ado they opened fire upon him. Soon after this the guards opened fire and the battle was on. The guards did nobly. They followed the robbers into the dense timber in the darkness and crowded them so closely that they were able to shoot their horses."

Standing of National League Clubs.

The following is the per centage standing of the National League base ball clubs up to date:

	Won.	Lost.	Pr. Ct.
Baltimore	90	37	.684
New York	74	42	.638
Boston	77	49	.607
Philadelphia	68	51	.571
Brooklyn	65	56	.537
Cleveland	60	58	.508
Pittsburg	60	60	.500
Chicago	55	65	.458
Cincinnati	52	68	.433
St. Louis	45	77	.369
Washington	43	77	.358
Louisville	37	88	.296

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these examples that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at Dreier Bro.'s and Co. drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise—a pure medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price, 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at Dreier Bros. & Co.'s drug store.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dreier & Bro.

Home Seekers' Excursion.

The Nickel Plate will roll reduced rate tickets to points west, northwest and southwest on Sept 25 and Oct. 9. Tickets good for 20 days.

Call on M. C. Baker, Dist Pass. Agt. for other information. 17tf

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Subscribe for THE SENTINEL

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Henry C. Manning Arrested for Abusing His Sick Wife.

John Tracy Sent to Jail for Flourishing a Revolver in a Dangerous Manner—Other Cases.

There was quite a large police court this morning, Mayor Bailey presiding. Henry C. Manning, a boiler, was up on a charge of wife abuse, prefferred by Humane Officer Schlundt. Manning and his wife live at the corner of Clay and Jefferson street and have only been in the city a month. The husband, according to the officers, has been treating his wife shamefully. She is an invalid and has two children. The case was continued until Thursday morning and in the meantime Manning will look out of the bars at the county jail.

John Tracy, a well known peddler, was on trial for flourishing a revolver. He has been drinking pure alcohol, lately and yesterday was on the verge of delirium tremens. The boys have been tormenting the old man by mutilating his mule from his wagon and yesterday he got a fire shot, 32 caliber revolver and started out to kill someone. Officer Hardendorf slipped up and jerked the weapon from the fellow. In his cell at the station this morning the prisoner had an attack of "nervous prostration" and declared he was going to die. He was sent to jail. He lives at the corner of Lleth and Contine streets.

The drunks were E. J. Kirkland, Adam Laier and Tom Kelley. Laier was let go. Kelley was arrested by Officer Sommers last evening for not paying for a meal at a South Calhoun street restaurant and being generally drunk and disorderly. He was sent over. Kirkland also went to jail.

Wm Stevens, whose case of vagrancy was continued from yesterday, was sent to jail for sixteen days.

The patrol wagon was called to the Wayne club last night about 10 o'clock but no arrests were made.

NEW POLICEMAN.

Last night at a meeting of the board of public safety Fred J. Buechner, of No. 10 Herman street, was appointed a policeman to take the place of Lesley, resigned. Ten applications were considered.

The case of the two firemen, mentioned yesterday, was not taken up, but at the next meeting one of the old and one of the new men in this department will likely get their formal discharge.

A FAMOUS INSTITUTION.

The Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y.

[From the Boston Herald.]

What can be accomplished by judicious enterprise, when backed up by ability and professional skill, is shown by the magnificent buildings of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo. This model sanitarium furnishes one of the sights of Buffalo, not alone for its architectural beauty, but on account of the world-wide fame of Dr. Ray V. Pierce, who established the institution many years ago, and is today its managing director and president. A beautiful five-story building situated on Main street, the principal business street of Buffalo, the Invalids' Hotel can well be said to surpass any institution of its kind in the country.

Sixteen physicians form the medical staff of this institution, who devote their time to the patients in the building, and to correspondence by letter with patients who consult them from all over the United States. Each physician or surgeon is chosen for his skill and proficiency in curing one class of chronic disease. Thus the patient has for his physician an experienced specialist who is thoroughly familiar with the case. A material aid to the medical treatment are the machines for giving "mechanical movements," or massage, electrical apparatus, Turkish baths, etc., with which the Hotel is thoroughly equipped. Large and airy rooms, parlors, reading rooms, elevator, and many other conveniences make this

A PLEASANT REMEDIAL HOME,

and far different from the private hospitals so commonly known. The World's Dispensary Medical Association, of which Dr. Pierce is President, is the owner of the Invalids' Hotel, and the large laboratory, called the World's Dispensary, as well. Standing on the same lot, which runs through to the next street back, is the huge laboratory, six stories in height, which furnishes ample room for manufacturing Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed, or Water Pepper. These are proprietary remedies which have been sold for over a quarter of a century all over the United States, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Carloads of these medicines are shipped every day from Buffalo to points East, West and South. An idea of the extensive business carried on by this association can be gained by what is said of it by the postoffice authorities at Washington, D. C., who report that this one firm spends annually for stamps more than all the banks and newspapers of Buffalo combined, or over $100,000. The mail matter amounts to from 30,000 to 40,000 pieces daily. The first story of the World's Dispensary building is occupied by the shipping department; the second floor is devoted to the large newspaper advertising department and the mailing; third floor, printing room and bindery, fourth floor, drug mills and paper box rooms, fifth floor, bottling, wrapping and packing department; on the sixth floor is one of

THE BEST EQUIPPED LABORATORIES

in the country, in charge of a thoroughly scientific chemist, formerly of the Harvard medical school laboratory, in fact, the equipment, the machinery and the system with which these large institutions are equipped, and the marvelous manner in which everything works along as though by clockwork, would well repay a visit to Buffalo.

ARE UNITED IN DEATH.

SOME CASES OF SUICIDE FOR LOVE'S SAKE.

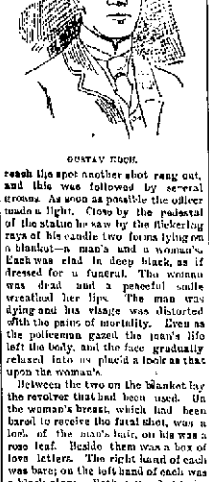
RECALLED BY A TRAGEDY IN THE PARK.

The Victims Could Not Live Together in Love and Were Sold to Separate in Life or Come to Death—Three Sad Cases.

THE SUICIDE IN Central park, New York, the other day was one of the most complete romances of real life and, also, real death as well that the city has ever known. It has, however, been almost paralleled twice, and any one of these three tragedies was as romantic as the royal one for and suicide which, in 1889, set Europe all aghast.

The last double suicide for love's sweet sake in Central park prior to the sensational self murder of Julius De Marens and Juliette Fournier on Tuesday last, occurred Oct. 3, 1893.

At about six in the evening of that day a policeman while on duty heard three pistol shots in quick succession. They sounded in the direction of the Pilgrim statue and he hastened thither through the darkness. Before he could



GUSTAV KOCH.

reach the spot another shot rang out, and this was followed by several groans. As soon as possible the officer made a light. Close by the pedestal of the statue he saw by the flickering rays of his candle two forms lying on a blanket—a man's and a woman's. Each was clad in deep black, as if dressed for a funeral. The woman was dead and a peaceful smile wreathed her lips. The man was dying and his visage was distorted with the pains of mortality. Even as the policeman gazed the man's life left the body, and the face gradually relaxed into as placid a look as that upon the woman's.

Between the two on the blanket lay the revolver that had been used. On the woman's breast, which had been bared to receive the fatal shot, was a lock of the man's hair, on his was a rose leaf. Beside them was a box of love letters. The right hand of each was bare; on the left hand of each was a black glove. Both were shot twice through the heart, and from the grime of smoke on the ungloved hands it was clear that the affair had been a case of double suicide; that there had been no murder. The woman had killed herself first; the man had taken the weapon, still smoking, from her nerveless hand and carried out his part of the compact they had made to die together. The love letters left by those two, who had prepared for death in as theatric a fashion, were signed "George Bassendorf" and "Maria," and from them it was gathered that he was single, that she was a married woman and that he boarded in her family. Her last name did not appear upon the letters, nor was there any evidence found that would disclose her identity. He was found to be a cross poster employed on a German newspaper in Jersey City; who she was was probably revealed later. Among the papers in the box were two slips, on one of which was written, "Shall we die?" on the other, "Shall we live?" in German. The lovers had evidently met lots to determine whether it should be suicide or life together for them.

More romantic than the double suicide of "George" and "Maria" was the tragedy of Sept. 19, 1893, in the same city.

In this latter case the lover was Gustav Koch, an artist, and the mis-

EMILIE ROSSI.

tress was Em Rossi, an actress. They were both young, both good looking. Indeed, the reporters who declared in their accounts of the pair's melodramatic taking off that the girl was beautiful were quite within truth's bounds, for her face was exceedingly attractive and her figure was almost perfect. Here is the story of the tragedy proper.

Shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning Koch, who had dressed himself elaborately for the occasion, ran up the steps of the Third avenue elevated station at Canal street and dropped his ticket in the chopper's box. Then [illegible] upon the platform of the train [illegible] Brooklyn Bridge station. Throughout the journey he [illegible] tickets to all points at lowest rates and was sent checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in purity and leavening strength.

Statements to other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

DRUG Lois [illegible] on the bottle. On the table in the room were many sheets of paper, [illegible] written over. One of the most pathetic sentences of a letter to Mr. Koch read:

"And now quick, away with my body to the Grange."

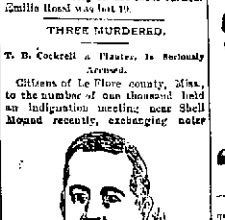
Later the story of the two suicides lives came out. The girl was the daughter of Max Emilie Rossi, a favorite German author of novelettes and comedies in Berlin and Hamburg her works were very popular and she grew rich from their proceeds. As her wealth increased he came to wish for his beautiful daughter a match in marriage with some rich man. But the daughter desired to go on the stage, and insisted on having her own way before she was 18. This caused bad feeling on the mother's part, notwithstanding the fact that the girl was very successful. In 1887 she came to New York and won great popularity as a member of Amberg's company at the Thalia theater. Then she returned to Germany, and while there her mother frequently upbraided the young actress because of her course. In 1890 the latter came again to New York and played the part of Ina, the model, in the German version of "The Clemenceau Case," at the Central theater. She had met Koch during her first engagement here and the acquaintance was renewed. He was a crayon artist in the employ of a famous portrait photographer, was in receipt of an excellent income and wanted to make Emilie his wife. She declined. Her heart was torn by the fact of her mother's estrangement—she had grown weary of life. So she suggested to her lover that it should be suicide, instead of marriage, and he consented reluctantly, as it appeared from letters left by him.

They were entranced together, and a crowd of curious thousands went out to the crematory to see them burned. Emilie Rossi was but 19.

THREE MURDERED.

T. B. Cockrell a Planter, is Seriously Accused.

Citizens of Le Flore county, Miss., to the number of one thousand held an indignation meeting near Shell Mound recently, exchanging notes



T. B. COCKRELL.

and closed by having an affidavit sworn out against T. B. Cockrell, lessee of a large plantation in that county, charging him with triple murder, and a purse of $100 was made up on the spot to be offered as a reward for his capture. Cockrell & the coroner who held an inquest on the remains of the murdered people. The tragedy occurred near Shell Mound. The bodies of Bates, his wife and another woman all colored, were found cut, stabbed, and chopped up horribly all together in a cabin. A couple of children were there. T. B. Cockrell, the lessee of the plantation, a magistrate, and a man of note thereabouts, held the inquest. The evidence was gone into but lightly, and it appeared that negroes on the place had done the murder. Many of the negroes fled. The white citizens, not satisfied with the findings of the coroner's jury, instituted further inquiry. Then grew statement from one of the children in the cabin at the time of the killing. Since that statement was obtained Cockrell has not been seen in the neighborhood. It is recalled that at the inquest this child was called to testify, but was interrupted by Cock-

THE STANDARD

talks and speaks volumes of persuasions to sufferers of weak backs and lovers of light running.

SEWING MACHINES.

In fast sewing the Standard is 50 per cent. in the lead by the watch.

Give us an opportunity to point out its merits to you and you will readily be convinced.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,

Exclusive Agents.

38 and 40 East Columbia Street.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE

Central Music Hall, CHICAGO.

[illegible] Year Begins September 10th, 1894.

Music and DRAMATIC ART.

Catalogue Giving Full Information Mailed Free.

S. E. TOURJEE, PRES. CHAS. FOSTER, SEC.

J. M. R. RIEDEL,

ARCHITECT.

SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d Floor

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by

The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,

Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

Younge's Medical and Surgical Institute,

Corner Calhoun and Lewis Sts.

For the successful treatment of NERVOUS DISEASES, CONSUMPTION, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CANCER, FEMALE DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, LIVER, KIDNEYS, GLEET, IMPOTENCY, GONORRHOEA, LOSS OF MANHOOD, 30 years experience, etc, etc. etc.

Office Days: Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

J. W. Younge, A. M. M. D. Pres.

No. 176 Calhoun Street.

--COUPON--

HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.

PART 22. NUMBER 2.

Size of Pages 9x12½ inches. Number pages. Over 800. Pages in each part 32. Price of each part, only 10 cents. Number of pages over 200 and all of the history besides.

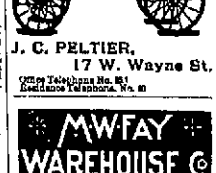
Three coupons of different dates and 10 cents secure each part.

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. Est'd 1876. Does Trial, Fire Insured Money, 10% Interest Loaned on VALUABLES.

We Deal in DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Carpets, Musical Goods TRUNKS AND VALISES.

GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORATE MARIOTTE PAWNBROKER, 20 East Colerain Street.

ESTABLISHED 1865.



J. C. PELTIER, 17 W. Wayne St.

Office Telephone No. 824. Residence Telephone No. 40

THE FIDELITY BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

OF

Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Incorporated under the laws of the state of Indiana.

Only [illegible] in good standing [illegible] Sick Benefit [illegible] Death of a member [illegible] Office Room 3 Bailey & Long Block. Fort Wayne, Indiana.

CARL SAUER, President.
ALBERT WICHMAN, Sec'y.
WILHELM [illegible], Treas.
JULIUS HELLING, Med. Dir'r.

FALL SUITS, NEW GOODS, NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Fall Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Fall Rush Commences.

Fred Hardung,

N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts

M. W. FAY WAREHOUSE & STORAGE

Warehouse, Ft. Wayne and Harden Sts. Office 15 Calhoun St. Telephone 224

The Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time.

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station.

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Leave Indianapolis.	Arrive Fort Wayne.
3 50 a. m.	7 30 a. m.	8 00 a. m.	11 40 a. m.
9 20 a. m.	1 25 p. m.	1 35 p. m.	5 15 p. m.
12 05 p. m.	4 00 p. m.	4 00 p. m.	7 40 p. m.
7 00 p. m.	10 45 p. m.	11 00 p. m.	2 00 a. m.
8 50 p. m.	1 40 a. m.	2 30 a. m.	6 00 a. m.
11 00 p. m.	6 00 a. m.	6 00 a. m.	9 00 a. m.

Through New York Palace Sleeping cars, dining cars and Pullman cars to New York exclusively limited. Free chair cars and dining cars on Pittsburg express.

Among the Cincinnati Union Depot has over the excellent dining and palace sleeping cars to Kansas City without change.

R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne Ind.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R R.

For Grand Rapids and North	Lv. 9 15 am
	Lv. 3 35 pm
	Lv. 5 20 pm
From Richmond	Ar. 11 50 pm

For Richmond and Cincinnati

	Lv. 8 45 am
	Lv. 11 45 pm
From Grand Rapids	Ar. 7 45 pm

Daily. Daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 12 Way Freight	8 30 am
No. 10 Mail, Express and Mail	10 20 am
No. 128 Detroit Express	3 00 pm
NORTHWARD.	DEPART.
No. 13 Way Freight	6 45 pm
No. 9 Mail, Express and Mail	3 00 pm
No. 129 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	4 45 pm

NICKEL PLATE.

The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R R.

Office Telephone No. 61. Residence Telephone No. 40

EAST.	Arr.	Dep.
N. Y. & Boston Express	2 55 am	3 00 am
Cleveland Mail	12 25 pm	12 40 pm
Western Express	4 25 pm	4 40 pm
Local Freight	10 35 am	12 00 am
WEST.	Arr.	Dep.
Chicago Express	12 10 am	12 30 am
Chicago Mail	10 45 am	11 00 am
Western Express	4 25 pm	4 40 pm
Local Freight	10 35 am	12 00 am

Daily. Daily except Sunday. Through Buffet sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, Boston and New York. Through tickets to all points at lowest rates and baggage checked to destination.

M. C. BAKER, District Pass. Agt., Depot, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Ft. W., C. & L. R. R. and L. E. & W. R. R.

EASTERN TIME—DEPOT FORT WAYNE.

GOING SOUTH—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.

No. 141 Passenger	Leave	11 42 am
No. 143 Passenger		12 10 pm
No. 145 Local		4 00 pm
GOING NORTH—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.		
No. 142 Passenger	Leave	7 15 am
No. 144 Passenger		4 00 pm
No. 146 Local		8 45 am

Daily except Sunday. Daily.

Chicago and Indianapolis Time card.

Leave Fort Wayne.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Cincinnati.
12 10 a. m.	5 30 a. m.	10 30 a. m.
4 00 p. m.	10 15 p. m.	10 50 p. m.

Leave Cincinnati.	Arrive Indianapolis.	Arrive Fort Wayne.
4 00 a. m.	7 40 a. m.	10 00 a. m.

ROOT & COMPANY.

OPENING OF THE KID GLOVE SEASON.

A Pretty Offering to Make the Start.

THE GENUINE

Foster, Paul & Co.'s.

SEVEN HOOK SUEDE KIDS,

THE $1 25 QUALITY.

In all the new handsome Fall street shades, and Black, in all sizes,

AT 69c A PAIR.

This Wonderful Offering Will Be Made

WEDNESDAY,

THURSDAY

AND FRIDAY

OF THIS WEEK.

Handsome Early Novelties in

Fall Wraps,

Are daily being received in our CLOAK Department.

Ladies are Invited to Daily Inspection.

ROOT & COMPANY.

Turkish baths will be given six for $3 00, until October 1, by the Thermer Bath Rooms, corner of Clinton and Berry streets. Do not miss this opportunity. 15 tf

Use Bloomingdale Mills White Loaf and Silver Wedding Flour.

Have your Sights and Scenes of the World bound at The Sentinel office. tf

The Pythian Sisters will entertain this evening visiting temples from Bluffton and Andrews. A grand time is expected.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 3tf

Indiana's Great State Fair

At Indianapolis September 17th to 22d, and the Muncie road sells tickets via the shortest and quickest route at only one fare for the round trip. 11-71

Mrs. J. K. Shelley, who has been visiting the family of James Kane, will leave for her home in New York this evening.

BOY'S GOOD CLOTHES!

Our preparations for the Fall Season in this department far exceeds anything we have ever shown. At no time were we so well prepared to place before you such excellent fine clothing for so little money.

We Hold Our Lead.

As providers for the little fellows for the following reasons:

I We show at all times the largest and most complete line of children's clothing in this city.

II We show more fine novelties and exclusive designs and patterns than all the clothing stores in Fort Wayne combined.

III We carry nothing but Standard makes. The clothing we sell is well made and will fit. If you are looking for cheap, poorly made stuff, don't come here for it—we do not carry that kind.

IIII You will always find our prices to be LOWER than our competitors—quality and make considered. Our large and increasing business gives us some advantages in the way of buying, which other houses do not enjoy.

SPECIAL.

We are now selling a large variety of

50c LINK CUFF BUTTONS

for 19c.

Brownie Scarf Pins, all the rage,

19c.

Seamless Hose,

warranted Fast Black and Tan shades, at

10c.

Extra Quality

of Fast Black Seamless Hose, at

12c.

These are an excellent quality and worth 20c.

BRING YOUR BOY TO US

For his Clothing and Outfitting. It will prove a saving to you of time and money.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

TUESDAY, SEPT 18 1894

Branch offices for the sale of THE SENTINEL and where orders for THE SENTINEL and Want, For Sale (or For Rent ads. will be received, have been established at the following drug stores:

W. F. Beuche, 443 Broadway.
J. F. Miller, 397 Lafayette.
W. L. Waltemath, 222 East Lewis.
J. D. Lewis, 414 Calhoun.
M. M. Weiel, 312 Hanna.
J. J. Reisch, 44 Wells.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office..........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms........No. 660.

Our Thermometer.

8 a. m.	62°
10 a. m.	69°
12 m.	71°
2 p. m.	76°

The Weather.

Washington, Sept. 18—Forecast for the thirty-six hours until 8 p m Wednesday: For Indiana—Fair, cooler Wednesday morning; northerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Jacob Coltier, of Arcola, is a guest of the New Aveline hotel.

H. E. Bursley has returned from his summer home at Mackinaw.

Geo. D. Walton, agent for a theatrical troupe, is a guest of the Aveline.

Frank E Safford has returned from a three weeks' visit in Rhode Island.

The fire department has purchased another fine horse, paying therefor $80.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Gallmeier, of No. 136 Francis street, a son.

Wal Walkins is now in charge of one of the chairs at the Y. M. C. A. barber shop.

Michael Balles has returned from Ypsilanti, Mich, where he went for his health.

John A. Dugan, of Indianapolis, is in the city visiting friends. He is a guest of the Randall

F. W. Kelsey will this week open up a new hand laundry, to be called the "Model," at 137 Fairfield avenue.

Ed. B. McConnell, a well known Logansport attorney, is in the city on legal business He is at the Randall.

F. J. Miller, the South Lafayette street druggist, went with the city officials to Buffalo, N. Y., this morning.

Mr. Will Fleming and his sister, Miss Sadie Fleming, leave tonight for Georgetown university to resume their studies.

Allen Hamilton leaves tomorrow to attend Williams college, and Taber Hamilton for Yale. Mrs. A. H. Hamilton and Miss Katherine will accompany them east.

Prof. Julius P. Bone, of Morton, hall, has received a very interesting letter from the greatest French musical composer, Massenet. M. Massenet may visit Fort Wayne next spring.

The Huntertown base ball club defeated the Leo club yesterday, the score standing 19 to 2. The feature of the game was the fielding of the Huntertown club and the pitching of Sorge, of the same club.

Miss Emma Conners, of West Main street, and her sister, Ella, will leave this evening for Silver Creek, N. Y., to visit their brother. They will go to Niagara Falls and Buffalo before returning to this city.

Mrs. J. F. Ridenour is the guest of Mrs. E. J. Wright, of 51 West Butler street. Mr. Ridenour is station agent for the Nickel Plate at Sidney, Ind. He accompanied his wife here and then went on to Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Garrison has returned from Petoskey, where she was spending the summer, and was accompanied home by Mrs. Henriette Cole and daughter, Anna. They will be her guests at 18 Colerick street for some weeks.

At a meeting of the board of public works yesterday afternoon it was decided that brick would be used in paving Superior street instead of asphalt. Some of the petitioners who wanted asphalt withdrew their names. Bids were today advertised for the work.

Miss Clara Guenther, of No. 11 Maumee avenue, celebrated the twentieth anniversary of her birth in a most enjoyable manner last evening. There were twenty-eight of her young friends present and they played games of all kinds. A lunch, including cakes, fruit and lemonade were served at 11 o'clock. Miss Guenther was the recipient of many handsome presents, which illustrates the high esteem entertained for her. She is the daughter of Henry Guenther, the well known barber.

Dr. Metcalf, formerly city health officer, states that in his opinion Fort Wayne citizens should, just at this time of year, make an extra effort to clean up their premises. Typhoid fever, diphtheria and other diseases come from dirty back yards and alleys. Weeds and decaying vegetable matter are also a fruitful source for causing contagious diseases. The shovel and rake, with plenty of slacked lime, copperas or other disinfectants, will do a great deal towards making the city healthy. Although six city officers are supposed to look after the city's health, no one ever hears of anything which they have done to stop the spread of disease. Putting up red cards seems to be the chief occupation of the three sanitary police.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters.

Received daily via express.
Selects, frying, 25c; Stewing, 22c.
Best Celery, 20c bunch.

Fruit House.

Smoke F. G. and Frank's Choice, the finest cigars in the town for 5c.

For Tuesday Afternoon.

Fifty bushel nice, large Michigan peaches, $1 40 bushel, baskets included; Small baskets, 20c.

200 baskets Concord Grapes, 8 lb basket at 20c.

Nutmeg melons, 3c and 5c each.

Best Sweet Potatoes, 25c peck.

Fruit House.

Dr. Metcalf has gone to Auburn. Some say he went to make a political speech

Rockmore, a Fort Wayne horse, starts in a race at Tiffin, Ohio, this afternoon. Frank Pierce is the driver.

The three children of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Moore, of 251 South Webster street, are seriously ill with diphtheria

There will be a meeting of the ladies' annex of the City Y. M. C A on tomorrow afternoon at 2 30 in the parlors of the City Y. M. C. A.

The sale of unclaimed freight left at the Pittsburg freight house, was held on the east side of the court house this morning. E. B. Kossington superintended the sale and many articles were sold, some of them for a mere song.

Mrs. George Kronmiller, of South Hanna street, and her son, Charles, of the Pittsburg planing mills, left last evening for Anslon, Pa, to visit her sister, Mrs. Stern, and other relatives and attend the twenty fifth marriage anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. J. Keil, of Pittsburg, Pa.

Rev W. T. Loring, of the Free Methodist church, received a telegram stating that his mother, who resides on a farm near Knox, Ind, was dangerously ill. He left immediately for Knox Mrs. Loring is eighty-seven years old and as her health has been poor for some time, it is not thought that she will survive the present illness.

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Cleveland—Cleveland, 12; Brooklyn, 6. At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6, Boston, 5. At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 2, Baltimore, 10, second game—Pittsburg, 1; Baltimore, 4. At Chicago—Chicago, 2; New York, 5. At Louisville—Louisville, 7; Washington, 6.

Clerk "Billy" Scanlin's smiling countenance was looking down over a good list of arrivals at the Aveline this morning. The late lamented Bowie's creditors have not been able to locate him as yet. Mr. Jones, the new proprietor of the Aveline, is an entirely different kind of a man from those who have recently looked after the uncertain fate of the hotel. Mr. Jones is a gentleman and responsible.

Last evening, in the Foster block, a reception was given to all the pupils and friends of the Farnon Dancing academy. This was the opening of the dance season and dancing school. The rain prevented a great many from attending, and their regrets were received. This school opens for classes Thursday evening for beginners, and has twenty-two enrolled pupils. The teachers have very flattering prospects for the coming season. They go to Warsaw and Huntington, and have large classes there.

A. O. U. W. Attention

All members of Summit City lodge, No. 36, are requested to meet at their hall at 1 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, to attend the funeral of our late brother, M. K. Donaldson. Nos. 19, 50 and all A O. U. W. brothers please join us.

O. V. Riley, Master Workman.
G. R. Hench, Recorder.

A. O. U. W. Attention.

All members of Maumee lodge, No. 50, are requested to meet at their hall at 1 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, to attend the funeral of our late brother, M. K. Donaldson.

J. W. Brown, Master Workman.

A good time is promised at the Queen Esther social Thursday evening, September 20, at the residence of William Hamilton, corner Clinton and Butler streets.

Novelty Dress Goods.

We have just received a line of novelty dress goods, entirely new fabrics that will make up into lovely dresses, that we have put on our counters at only 12 cents per yard. These are no imitations but the genuine article. We also have a line of figured, striped and polkadot satines, with an extra satin finish. These will make up into elegant dresses, look well, and wear well, and just think of it, they are only 9 cents a yard.

The time has come for making up fall and winter dresses, we are quite sure that if you take the advantage of this sale you will be pleased.

Princess Cash Store.

M'KINLEY MEETING.

The Tippecanoe Club Will Go to Indianapolis Next Tuesday.

The McKinley meeting at Indianapolis, the 25th instant, promises to be a monster gathering. The Tippecanoe club, of this city, will go, together with hundreds of other people who desire to attend the speaking. Governor McKinley will speak at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Wabash will run a special train from Fort Wayne through to Indianapolis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m., reaching Indianapolis at noon, and starting on the return at 11 o'clock p. m. The rate for the round trip has been placed at $2 50—an exceedingly low fare, and one which will insure a large delegation from Allen county and vicinity. 18-tf

Good Enough.

Pond water may do for the waterworks trustees but the people drink Lincoln Tea.

Miss Philley

Is now ready to organize her general and private classes in elocution and physical culture for the coming fall and winter. Information as to terms, hours, etc., may be secured by addressing

Miss Anna M. Philley,
No 307 South Webster St., City.

FOR SALE.

Three Sets of Buggy Wheels, class B. Will sell cheap.

Call at 224, cor. E. Jefferson and Hanna Streets.

" Everybody smokes F. G. and Frank's Choice when they want a good smoke. Sold by all first class dealers.

A Timely Inquiry.

Have the waterworks trustees any suggestions to make to the people who are compelled to drink hydrant water containing typhoid fever germs. Use Lincoln Tea and thereby lessen the danger.

FRANK S. ALBRECHT.

Death of a Well Known Young Man From Consumption.

Many Funerals in This City Today and Quite a Number Occur Tomorrow—Sad Homes.

Frank S. Albrecht, aged twenty-three years, died at an early hour this morning after a lingering illness of consumption. This news will be quite a shock to his many friends, as the young man was known and esteemed by many. Mr. Albrecht first began to fail shortly after the death of his father, about two years ago, and since then has been on a steady decline. He was a carriage trimmer by trade but worked before his illness for Bursley & Co. The deceased leaves a mother and two brothers and two sisters to mourn his loss. Ed W., a brother, lives at Roanoke, and Sam W., is in Nutman's bank. Misses Dora and Eva reside at home. No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

LANE.

Yesterday afternoon occurred the death of Eliza May Lane, the wife of John W. Lane, at her home, 209 West Jefferson street. The deceased had been a sufferer from inflammation of the bowels, and her death had been expected for almost twenty-four hours. Mr. Lane is the piano tuner and is well known in the city. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late M. K. Donaldson will occur from the residence, No. 21 Poplar street, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. J. M. Boggs, of the Third Presbyterian church, officiating. The following are the active pall bearers: George R. Hench, M. S. Wilson, William Baty, E. D. Scheiman, William Littlejohn, Sherman Swinehart. The honorary pall bearers will be: G. W. Holverstott, N. Conover, George Misner, G. E. Mong, E. B. Smith, C. A. Grimre.

The funeral of the late William Sessman will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the residence, the Rev. P. J. Rice officiating. The deceased was born ninety-two years ago in Dauphin county, Pa, and came to Fort Wayne early in the century. For the past forty years he has lived in the same house. A widow and three children survive him. For many years he was a carpenter.

The funeral of the late Edward Haffner, at St. Mary's Catholic church this morning was largely attended

The funeral of Roy, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moroy, was held this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the house.

The funeral of Otto, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Leussenhop, was held today at 1:30, from the residence, and at 2 o'clock from Emanuel's church.

The funeral of the late Miss Louise Lange will be held tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock, from the residence.

The funeral of August, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. August Beyrau, of 226 John street, was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock, at the residence, Rev. Juengel officiating.

The funeral of the late Miss Clara Stier was held this morning at 9:30 o'clock from the Cathedral. The services were impressive and largely attended.

REV. GEO. E. DAVIES MARRIED.

Wedded to Miss Mabel A. Currie at Tracy, Minn.

The many friends of Rev. George E Davies, of the Bethany Presbyterian church, will be pleased to learn of his marriage to Miss Mabel A. Currie on the 12th inst. The ceremony was performed at Tracy, Minn., in which city the bride resided. The happy couple will be at home at No. 432 West Main street after October 15th. Rev. Davies, it will be remembered, came to Fort Wayne to take his present charge about six months ago. He is a graduate of McCormick university, of Chicago, and a young man of splendid ability. The bride is said to be a charming young lady and highly accomplished.

This morning Mrs. Nora Esch-Hughes received at the hands of Wm. P. Cooper, special agent of the New York Life Insurance company, a draft for $10,000 in payment of a death claim in the matter of two policies of $5,000 each, held by her late husband, Rev. Joseph Hughes, manager of the Mayflower Mills. Mr Hughes died on September 1 and the draft was issued at the home office in New York on September 10, the very day the proofs of death were received.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Sept. 18—Wheat, steady; Sept., 53¾@53½c; Dec., 56½@56¼c; May, 61⅞c.

Corn, higher; Sept., 55¾c; Oct., 55¾c; May, 54@54½c.

Oats, steady; Sept., 30½c; Oct., 30¾c; May, 35¼@36c.

Pork, higher; Sept., $14.07½; Jan., $14 06¼.

Lard, higher; Sept., $8.92½; Oct., $8 92½; Jan., $8 20.

Ribs, higher; Sept., 7.75; Oct., $7 75; Jan., $7.20.

Rye, dull; 47c.

A Pertinent Question.

What have the waterworks trustees got to say to the people concerning the water supply from the pond at the pumping station? Use Lincoln Tea to ward off danger.

A. B. White, of 8 Arcade, received a large consignment of high grade wheels that he will close out at prices that will make them sell quick. Do not miss the opportunity to get a first-class wheel for a small sum of money. 18tf

Your Plain Duty.

Now that the people know that the city's water mains are impregnated with typhoid fever germs it would be little less than criminal to neglect to sterilize the water they drink or delay the plentiful use of Lincoln Tea.

MANY NEW FACES.

Large Attendance This Year in the Public Schools.

Senior Class at the High School the Largest for Many Years Past—Less Teachers.

Dr. John Irwin was asked by a Sentinel representative this morning as to the opening of the public schools.

"We have from present indications," said the doctor, "a larger enrolement that for many years. This is partially accounted for by the fact that times have been dull over the city and that many of the pupils have been thrown out of employment in stores and factories and their parents have wisely concluded to send them to school, instead of having them idle

"Owing to the recent strike the school funds will be short this year as many will be compelled to let their taxes go by default.

"Our corps of teachers is smaller this year than last. Last year we had 140 teachers and this year only 125 We have endeavored to so distribute this loss of instructors as to effect, as little as possible, the efficiency of the schools

"The high school is particularly crowded this year. In the senior class there are sixteen boys and twenty-four girls, which is ten or twelve more than the usual number.

"It is a fact, although not at all curious," continued the doctor, "that what increases the number of pupils in public schools decreases the attendance in private schools. The colleges over the country are not near as full this year as last."

The Sentinel representative was shown over the high school building and found that during the summer months some very substantial improvements had been made. The large study room has been furnished with new desks and chairs, and in some of the rooms the ventilation has been greatly remedied.

The Magnetic Mineral Well Sanitarium. The pump has been repaired and baths are given every day from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Hack at the end of the East Lewis street electric car line to the Sanitarium at all times. 12 tf

Westminster Seminary.

The first session of the twelfth year will begin Wednesday, Sept 19, at 9 a. m.

Arrangements for the entrance of city pupils are better made during the preceding week.

Tuition—First term, preparatory department, $16 00.

Tuition—First term, seminary department, $20 00. 8,11,13,15,17,18

Y. M. C. A. Athletic Contests Centlivre's Park, Sept. 22. 11 tf

White Loaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

A "Regular Dinner" for 25 cents at the Aldine cafe. 12-10t

TRADE IS BOOMING

IN OUR

Children's and Boy's Dept.

Never had such a large trade in Boy's and Children's School Suits.

Fathers and Mothers—We told you we had better goods, with more service and less price for equal quality than any other other store. Haven't you found it so? Somebody has, for we sold double the number of suits over any previous season.

We worked for these results, and are determined to get your trade. Remember your money back on all goods not satisfactory or as represented.

Have You Seen

Those elegant fall styles of Hammerslough make Suits for gentlemen that we are showing in great variety of styles and prices. No occasion to leave your measure at the tailors—we can fit you perfectly, and save you fully 1-3 in price.

We are ready to show a complete line of Children's Boy's and Men's Overcoats for early fall wear.

Several styles of Children's Reefer Coats ought to be especially attraction for the little folk's wear—These cold mornings and evenings, at the prices we are selling them.

FRIENDS' ENTERPRISE,

One Price Clothiers and Hatters,

Cor. Calhoun and Berry Sts.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Everybody ought to see

The Grand Opening Display

—OF—

BLANKETS and COMFORTS

IN OUR IMMENSE SHOW WINDOWS.

Nowhere else in the city can you find BLANKETS and COMFORTS at such low prices as here.

Some of the inducements to buyers:

BLANKETS

200 pair Gray Blankets worth 89c at 59c a pair.

150 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.00 at 75c a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.25 at $1 00 pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $1.75 at $1.25 a pair.

100 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.00 at $1.50 a pair.

75 pair Gray, White and Tan Blankets worth $2.50 at $2.00 a pair.

Better qualities at $3 25, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 up to $10.00 a pair.

COMFORTS

100 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.39 at $1 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $1.75 at $1.25 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.00 at $1.50 each.
75 Good Quality Comforts worth $2.25 at $1.75 each.
50 Good Quality Comforts worth $2 50 at $2 00 each.

Better qualities at $2.25, $2.50, $2.75, $3.00 and $3.75 each.

These Comforts are extra large, and well made, of the finest Satine, Silkoline and Cameo Drapery.

The New Fall Goods are arriving daily. Come in and see them.

One Price to All.

BEADELL & COMPANY,

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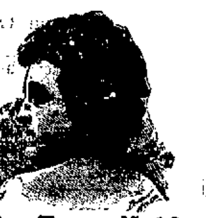

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